The Times-Democrat.

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IT LOOKS LIKE MASON.

Sudden Change In Illinois Senatorial Contest.

MR. MADDEN WITHDRAWS.

The Chicago Alderman Pulls Out of the Race, Throwing His Strength to Ex-Congressman Mason, Who Receives Congratulations.

Springfield, Ills., Jan. 15.—Martin B. Madden, the Chicago alderman, who has been one of the leading candidates in the senatorial contest, withdrew from the race, throwing his support to ex-Congressman William E. Mason of Chicago, who had been his most prominent rival for Senator Palmer's seat.

His withdrawal was immediately followed by that of Samuel Allerton, the millionaire packer of Chicago, who went at once to personally congratulate Mr Mason

Mr Madden's candidacy had been bitterly fought by the anti-machine element of the state, but up to the moment of his announced withdrawal it had been supposed that he would go into the caucus well backed by supporters.

It is generally believed that Madden's action makes the selection of Mason by the caucus a certainty.

COST OF ARMOR PLATE.

Senator Chandler Gives Out an Estimate on This Article.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Senator Chandler of New Hampshire has prepared a report upon the cost of armor plate, which will be submitted to the naval committee of the senate at its first meeting. In fact, printed copies of the draft of the report have been furnished each member of the committee and for a week past these members have been considering it.

Mr. Chandler estimates the cost of armor plate at $300 per ton, a reduction of $100 from that made by Secretary Herbert in the recent report sent to congress in which he made an estimate of $400 a ton. The report as prepared severely criticises Commander Folger, who was chief of the bureau of ordinance of the navy department when large amounts of armor were contracted for.

Mr. Chandler, in reaching a price which he thinks should be offered for armor, takes figures from the recent report of the secretary of the navy, but in paring down several estimates makes a saving of $100.

The Standard Barrel.

Boston, Jan. 15—The second day's session of the fifth annual convention of the National League of Commission Merchants of the United States was attended by a large number of delegates and by a larger number of delegates than the opening session Walter Snyder of Baltimore Gardner Chapin of Boston, C B Ayres of Chicago and others discussed "The Uniformity of Packages" A resolution was adopted accepting as a standard barrel that favored by the National Shippers' association

Investigation Killed Off.

Jefferson City, Mo, Jan 15.—Kansas City's Lexow investigation is to be minimized. The senate has acceded about its action and by a vote of 17 to 15 decided to reconsider the adoption of Lyon's resolution ordering an investigation. This was accomplished after a heated debate lasting several hours

Idaho Senatorial Contest.

Boise City Jan. 15.—The ballot for senator resulted: W. H Claggett, 31; Fred T. Dubois, 26, C W Cooper, 6, J R Wester, 3, scattering, 4. Claggett lost the votes of two Democrats who had supported him.

To Legalize Poolselling.

Hartford, Jan. 15.—A bill to amend the anti-poolselling law will be introduced in the general assembly to the end that trotting races may be held upon Charter Oak park and other tracks of the state

Sentenced to Life Imprisonment.

Havana, Jan. 15—Luis Someillan, a native of Cuba, but an American citizen, whose trial on the charge of rebellion against the government has just ended, has been sentenced to imprisonment for life

Warehouses Burned.

Montreal, Jan 15—Crather & Caverhill's heavy goods warehouses were destroyed by fire The stock carried was said to be worth fully $300,000; insurance, $260,000.

Consul Wamer's Death.

Washington, Jan 15—A telegram was received at the state department saying that Mr William D Wamer of South Carolina United States consul at Cologne, died

Tobacco Dealer Assigns.

Cleveland, Jan. 15—Robert Lindmueller, a wholesale tobacco dealer, assigned to George W. Sowden. Assets are placed at $25,000 and liabilities at $40,000.

An Ohio Bank.

Washington, Jan. 15—The comptroller of the currency has given authority for the organization of the National Bank of Ashtabula, O., capital $100,000.

THE HOMESTEAD BILL.

Senate Passes an Act of Interest to Home Seekers.

MAKES PUBLIC LANDS FREE.

A Contest on the Nicaragua Canal Measure Which Precipitates What Is Regarded as a Test Vote. No Quorum.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The senate passed the measure known as the free homestead bill, which has been under discussion since the holiday recess.

It is a measure of farreaching importance, particularly to the west, and the interest in it was shown by the fact that a plank concerning it was a feature of several national platforms The effect of the bill is to open to settlement all public lands acquired from Indians free of any payment to the government beyond the minor office fees, and to release from payment those who have heretofore settled on these lands

The number of acres involved, according to an estimate made by the commissioner of the general land office, is 33,252,541, which would have yielded the government at the prices heretofore established $35,343,006. To offset this statement it was brought out during the debate that the lands were mainly arid, and that those who had settled upon them were unable to make payment by reason of the scanty products of the soil.

Mr. Morgan sought to have the Nicaragua canal bill made the unfinished business This precipitated a vote which to some extent, was a test of strength of the bill itself. On Mr Morgan's motion to take the bill up the vote was 33 to 6, or less than a quorum, so the motion did not prevail although it disclosed the strength of the measure.

During the day Mr. Morgan secured the adoption of a resolution for an inquiry by the judiciary committee as to whether the properties of the Union and Central Pacific Railroad companies now belonged to the United States by reason of alleged defaults in the payment of bonds The senate adjourned to Monday

Grout Bill Discussed.

Washington, Jan 15—The house spent almost the entire day debating the Grout bill to subject oleomargarine and other imitation dairy products to the laws of the states into which they are transported.

The advocates of the measure took the view that the states should be allowed to regulate the sale of a product sailing under false colors, and the opponents the view that the bill would establish a dangerous precedent and invade the power of congress to regulate interstate commerce Adjourned.

PUBLIC MEETINGS

Revival of Agitation Which Resulted In Commonwealers' March.

St. Louis, Jan 15—The most important conference of the leaders of the commonweal conference is a resolution of "General" Jacob S. Coxey calling for a second assembling of the unemployed workingmen all over the country for the purpose of making such a demonstration as shall appeal to the legislative branches not only of congress, but of every state in the union, in the hope of inducing legislation that will ameliorate the present condition of the workingmen.

In short, General Coxey's resolution is a revival of the agitation of a couple years ago, which resulted in the famous march of the commonweal army to Washington.

This resolution, which is perhaps destined to become as famous as Coxey's first proclamation, calls upon the unemployed workingmen of every city and Hamlet to assemble in the public square or other places on Feb. 22, Washington's birthday, in open meeting

The purpose of these mass meetings is to demonstrate in the most practical manner the extent of distress and destitution prevalent throughout the country by reason of the scarcity of work.

It is the intention to register each unemployed workingman and to forward these records to the fountainhead of legislation at Washington.

Stewards Elected.

New York, Jan. 15.—At the annual meeting of the Jockey club these stewards were elected: James Galway, F. R. Hitchcock, Andrew Miller. The stewards elected the following officers: President, August Belmont; vice president, James R. Keene; secretary and treasurer, S. K. Sturgis

A Clyde Line Steamer Seized.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 15.—The Clyde line steamer has been served off Clyde line steamer Delaware has been seized off Mayport by the United States dispatch boat Dolphin under the belief that she was engaged in a filibustering expedition to Cuba.

Voluntarily Assigned.

Muncie, Ind, Jan. 15.—Because of its inability to meet an obligation of $87,000 the Common Sense Engine company made an assignment. The estimated assets of the company are $200,000; liabilities, $150,000.

MOONSHINERS RAIDED.

A Complete Underground Distillery Unearthed.

WHISKY IS CONFISCATED.

The Internal Revenue Officers of New Jersey Discover an Illicit Plant and Arrest Two of the Operators.

Camden, N. J., Jan. 15.—The internal revenue officers of the Southern New Jersey district made a raid on a moonshining establishment at Rosenheyn, a Jewish settlement in Cumberland county, near Vineland, and captured a complete underground distilling plant near the house of Thomas Tooley and Harry Tooley.

Tooley and Harry Hansbury, a young man who was found on the place, were arrested and brought to Camden, where United States Commissioner Cassidy held them in $1,000 bail.

The officers confiscated five barrels of whisky, a still and a number of cans used for shipping the whisky, a large quantity of which was sent to Philadelphia. They seized some of the paraphernalia for use as evidence and destroyed the remainder.

Echo of the Fair Will.

San Francisco, Jan. 15.—J. J. Cooney, ex-notary, was arrested for alleged perjury. At the Fair trial Cooney testified that the late ex-Senator Fair, on Sept. 22, 1894, acknowleged to him his signature to deeds conveying property worth $1,000,000 to Miss Nettie Craven. The prosecution will prove that the paper on which the alleged acknowledgement was taken was manufactured at a later date than that on which Cooney asserted Fair made acknowledgement.

Heavy Mortgages Filed.

Detroit, Jan. 15.—The old established firm of H. S. Robinson & Company, boot and shoe manufactures, filed three chattel mortgages securing creditors for liabilities aggregating $138,365. The first secures local banks in the sum of $49,000. The second secures the United States Rubber company for $48,780, and the third a large number of manufactures, mostly in the east, for $41,076.

A Dissipater Suicides.

Providence, Jan 15—The body of Charles W. Meyers, son of a Chicago banker, was found on the floor of his room in a boardinghouse here, he having committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart. He inherited a fortune from an uncle about three years ago, but of late he had been in financial straits.

Cornstalks to Be Used.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Edwin S. Cramp, of the Philadelphia shipbuilding firm, completed plans here for the opening of a factory at Rockford, Ills., about Feb 1 for the manufacture of ship padding and cattle fodder from cornstalks, a patent for which was recently granted to him.

The Employes Win.

Green Bay, Wis., Jan. 15.—General Manager Champion of the Kewaunee, Green Bay and Western railroad, has settled the strike of stevedores employed at Kewaunee by acceding to the demands of the men and paying them 20 cents per hour instead of 15, which they have received previous to this. The work of loading on lake ferry lines was resumed

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Jan. 14.

New York.

Beef—Family, $8 50@10 00, extra mess, $7 50; packed, $8 00@9 00 Cut meats—pickled bellies, 4¼@4½c, pickled shoulders, 4¼c; pickled hams, 8½@9c Lard—Western steam, $4 20 Pork—Old mess, $8 25 @8 75, family, $10 50@11 00; clear, $8 75@10 00.

Butter—Western dairy, 8@13c; creamery, 13@20c; do factory, 7@12c. Cheese—State large, 7½@10½c; small, 7½@10½c; part skims, 3½@7c; full skims, 2½@3c, Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 18@20c, western fresh, 14@18c

Wheat—95½c. Corn—29c. Rye—40@43c Oats—22¼c

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, $4 80@5 00, good, $4 50@4 70, tidy, $4 10@4 30 fair, 3 75@4 00, common, $3 00@3 50; feeders, $3 60@4 00, bulls, stags and cows, $2 00@3 50

Hogs—Prime light and best mediums, $3 60@3 65, fair, $3 50@3 55; heavy, $3 30@3 40, roughs, $2 25@3 10

Sheep—Prime, $3 85@4 00, good, $3 65@3 75; fair, $3 20@3 50 culls and common, $1 50@2 75; choice lambs, $5 00@5 20, common to good, $4 00@4 85; veal calves, $6 50 @7 00.

Chicago.

Hogs—Light, $3 30@3 50, mixed, $3 25@3 45; rough, $3 10@3 25 heavy, $3 10@3 15.

Cattle Beeves, $3 50@5 25, cows and heifers $1 75@4 25; Texas steers, $3 00@4 20; stockers and feeders, $3 00@4 10.

Sheep—Steady.

Wheat—78@80c, Corn—22¾@22⅞c. Oats—16⅝c Rye—37½c

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No 2 red 93½c. Corn—No 2 mixed, 21¾@22c Oats—No 2 mixed, 19½c. Rye—No. 2, 35@36c

Lard—$3 75 Bulk meats—$4 12½ Bacon—$4 87½

Hogs—$2 75@3 40 Cattle—$2 50@4 50. Sheep—$2 25@3 75. Lambs—$3 50@5 15

Buffalo.

Cattle—None on sale

Hogs—Yorkers, $3 60; light, $3 65; mediums, $3 50, heavy, $3 45.

Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, $3 00@4 25; lambs, $5 15@5 35.

Toledo.

Wheat—91½c. Corn—22c Cloverseed—$5 35.

LOST HIS GRIP

Five Persons Seriously Injured In a Streetcar Accident.

Pittsburg, Jan. 15—Five persons were seriously injured and about 30 others more or less cut and bruised by an accident on the Penn avenue branch of Consolidated Traction company Those seriously injured were

P. G. Haley, broken leg.

George Shingo, shoulder dislocated

George C[illegible] leg fractured.

Edward [illegible], severely cut about the head.

William Steed, motorman, badly cut about the head.

About 6 a m, as the car was coming down a steep grade near Thirty-fourth street the gripman lost control of it He applied the brakes at once, but without avail, and the car soon gained a high speed

At Thirty-fourth street it jumped the track and dashed into a telegraph pole All the passengers sustained slight injuries

These men were given medical attention and conveyed to their homes but the others were able to proceed to the city

SUNDAY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

John D [illegible] This [illegible]

Cleveland, Jan. 15.—John D Rockefeller [illegible] was re-elected [illegible] of the Sunday school [illegible] Avenue Baptist church It is announced that a donation of $[illegible] made by Mr. Rockefeller for benevolent work.

Mr Rockefeller was present at the election of church officers and the banquet which followed in the church parlors He as well as his entire family, have been members of the Euclid Avenue Baptist church for many years

POSSESSES REAL MERIT

Kansas to Legislate Wildcat Corporations From Within Its Borders.

Topeka Jan 15—Colonel William A Harris, chairman of the senate committee on railroads, introduced a bill in the senate which, if it becomes a law, will cause a revolution in the manner of organizing and managing corporations in the state of Kansas.

Under the provisions of the measure no corporation hereafter organized shall be of any validity unless the amount of capital stock stated in its charter is in good faith and paid up in money or its equivalent at the time of filing the charter.

Cleveland Forger Indicted.

Cleveland, Jan. 15.—The grand jury returned a true bill against Charles N Cunningham, president of the Warwick Electrical Manufacturing company, charged with forging the name of George T. Hamilton to a check for $75,000.

Highest of all in Leavening Strength.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ANOTHER LEXOW COMMITTEE

St. Louis Police Department to Be Given an Airing.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 15.—In the house a sensation was caused by the introduction of a resolution by Representative James M. Piper of St. Louis calling for an investigation of the St Louis police department. The resolution authorizes the speaker to appoint a special committee of five with power to make a thorough investigation of the charges of irregularities and corruption made against the department. It is patterned after the famous Lexow resolution.

Health Officer Doty Returns.

New York Jan 15.—Among the passengers arriving by the North German Lloyd steamer Lahn, from Bremen and Southampton, were Vice Consul Lucien Pickarts and Dr. A. H. Doty, health officer of the port of New York. Dr. Doty has been abroad two months. He has visited Naples, Rome, Genoa and Egypt to make a thorough inspection of the precaution measures taken there before the embarkation of passengers and the shipment of freight, in order to minimize the danger of infection at this port.

Corbett's Show Attached.

Sandusky, O., Jan. 15.—James J. Corbett and his show are tied up here on attachments. Otto H Ilg, former manager of the opera house, attached the scenery on a claim of $200 held to be due him for cancellation of a date by Corbett two years ago. Corbett secured the services of an attorney, and because the pugilist would not pay for the attorney's service another attachment was secured.

Married In Tennessee.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 15.—At the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. M. F. Bonzano, Miss Eloise Geary and Mr. Alexander Wood, both of Philadelphia, were united in marriage. Congressman Robert Adams, Jr., of Pennsylvania acted as best man, the bride being attended by Mrs. Bonzano. Miss Geary is the daughter of the late Ex-Governor Geary of Pennsylvania.

Minister Cox Returns Home.

San Francisco, Jan. 15.—MacCrane Cox, United States minister to Guatemala and Honduras, is here with his wife. Minister Cox was a vacation appointee of President Cleveland. He went to Central America in September last and is now on his way home for a vacation He is not certain when he will return to Guatemala.

Editorial Officers.

Columbus, O., Jan 15.—The Ohio Editorial association elected officers as follows. R. B. Brown Zanesville, Courier, president; John M. Amos, Cambridge, Jeffersonian, vice president; C B. McCoy, Coshocton Age, secretary, E. R. Alderman, Marietta Register, treasurer.

Expert Horticulturist Wanted.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The United States civil service commission will hold an examination in Washington; and in all other large cities where there are applicants on Feb. 10, to fill a vacancy in the position of expert horticulturist in the office of experiment stations, department of agriculture.

Receiver For the Columbia.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The comptroller of the currency has appointed J. E. Atwater of Minneapolis receiver of the Columbia National bank of Minneapolis

An Embezzler Confesses.

Detroit Jan. 15.—Eugene Berenson and wife entered police headquarters and voluntarily confessed that Berenson had, in 1894, embezzled $5,000 from the Akron and Canton Stone company, whose Chicago manager he then was The woman fainted during her husband's recital

Alger Enters a Denial.

Detroit, Jan. 15—General R. A. Alger has returned from Washington. He denied having any knowledge of the alleged statement of Major McKinley to the effect that if his (Alger's) differences with Senator Sherman were adjusted, his appointment to the war department would follow.

No Meeting.

Washington, Jan. 15. — The Republican tariff makers held no meeting, having encountered several perplexing points in the chemical schedule, which they begun work on. Certain members were assigned to procure information on various points

DO YOU WEAR THEM?

IF YOU DO, WE HAVE GOT THEM

1750 pairs of Men's, Boys' and Children's Pants.

PANTS! PANTS! PANTS!

Consisting of Cotton, Jeans, Unions, Cassimeres, Worsteds and Cheviots. Prior to stock-taking which begins

FEBRUARY 8th, 1897,

Our already reasonable prices have received a big cut, and good, desirable and well made Pants can be bought at prices often asked for cheap and trashy garments.

CHILDREN'S PANTS.

125 pairs of cotton and cheviot Pants, sizes 4-14; 25 and 35c qualities go at . 19c

75 pair of wool and cheviot Pants, the 50 and 75c kinds now go at . . . . 35c and 48c

$1 00 and $1 25 Scotch and cassimere Knee Pants at 71c

Boys' and Youths' Long Pants.

300 pairs of Sample Pants.

$1 50 to $3 00 kinds at . . . 97c, $1.25 per pair

A few small lots of Unions.

The $1 00 and $1.25 kinds at	73c
$1.50 Pants at	98c
2 00 Pants at	$1.38
2.50 Pants at	1.73
3.00 Pants at	2 12

MEN'S PANTS.

75c jean and cotton Pants	58c
$1 00 jean and cotton Pants	73c
1.50 Pants at	$1 13
2 00 " "	1 62
2.50 " "	1. 98
3 00 " "	2 .37
4 00 " "	3 12
5.00 " "	3 98
6 00 " "	4 87

MEN'S OVERCOATS

35 Men's Overcoats at	$1 50
63 " " the $5 00 quality, at	3.50
58 " " " $6 50 and $7 50 kinds at	5 00
$8.50 and $10 00 kinds at	6 75
$12 50 kinds at	8 63
15.00 and $16 00 kinds at	10 98
18.00 " 20 00 " "	13.75

All our heavy Suits and Underwear slaughtered in same proportion.

This is an honest, legitimate, before stock-taking (but not going out of business) sale, and if you don't find everything as advertised don't buy.

Everything as represented or your money back.

LOEWENSTEIN BROS.,

CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.

28 and 30 Union Block, Public Square. : LIMA, OHIO.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WHAT A DOLLAR DID.

A RICH CYNIC RECEIVES AN OBJECT LESSON IN CHARITY.

He Saw For Himself "How the Other Half Lives" and Learned That All Who Ask For Help Are Not Humbugs—The Experience Made a New Man of Him.

One good woman, who has devoted much of her time for several years to the relief of distress among the very poor people of this city, succeeded in opening the eyes, and likewise the pocketbook, of a cynical rich man not many days ago. She solicited financial aid from him, and doubtless would have met with a brusque rebuff had it not been that her position in society commanded polite consideration. As it was, the rich man essayed to be patronizing and said: "My dear madam, I know that you try to do good among these poor people, but I can assure you that your efforts are practically wasted. They take your money and such clothing and food as you can give them and then chuckle over your gullibility."

"If I can induce a starving creature to chuckle, I shall consider the time and money well spent," replied the woman, with a mild tinge of reproof.

"Oh, well, I suppose that you are bound to keep on wasting your time," retorted the rich cynic. After a brief pause he continued, "If you will demonstrate to me that you can actually relieve distress with a dollar, I will give it to you just as often as you can demonstrate its usefulness in that direction."

"Will you come with me?" said the woman thus challenged. The rich man assented and accompanied his philanthropic caller to her coupe. Both entered the conveyance and were driven to the neighborhood of Eleventh avenue and Fiftieth street. The coupe stopped in front of an unsightly tenement. In silence the man followed his companion up two or three flights of stairs, and he soon was standing in a cheerless room about 12 feet square. The floor and the walls were absolutely barren, and there were not more than four pieces of furniture in sight. One was a small stove, in which a scant fire was burning.

A middle aged man lay helpless on a cot, and kneeling by him were a boy and a girl so raggedly clad that their white skin was visible through more than one rent. A few empty dishes and cooking utensils lying on the floor near the stove told their mute story of destitution.

The pathetic eagerness with which the three emaciated occupants of the room turned their glances upon the visitors touched a long dormant chord of the rich man's heart. He involuntarily thrust his fingers into his vest pocket, but his companion, laying a restraining hand upon his arm, advanced to the cot, and in a delicate and sympathetic manner questioned the sick man regarding himself and his children. She explained that their needs had been called to her attention only a few hours before. She soon ascertained that there was urgent need of nourishment, and, bidding her cynical friend to accompany her, she hastened to the nearest grocery. From long experience the good woman knew just what to purchase for temporary relief in a case of this kind, and within a quarter of an hour a bulky basket was borne up to the desolate room by the grocer's boy. Speedily the fire in the little stove began to throw out comforting heat, and by and by the grateful odors of cooking were diffused. Then, with the assurance of another visit and more substantial aid, the dispensers of good cheer left the poor family to their unexpected enjoyment.

"Do you think that charity was well bestowed?" asked the woman, as the coupe bore them swiftly away from the tenement district.

"Yes, indeed, I do," replied the man, with a suspicious tremor in his voice.

"Well, there is a list of what I bought, together with the prices," continued the woman, handing a bit of paper to her companion. He took it and read:

25 pounds coal	.20
3 bundles kindling	.06
Half pound tea	.15
3 loaves bread	.08
3 pounds oatmeal	.08
2 pounds beef for stew	.14
Half pound sugar	.05
Gallon kerosene oil	.10
Measure potatoes	.08
1 quart milk	.04
Small bag salt	.02
1 box matches	.01
Total	$1.00

Without a word the rich man took a dollar from his pocketbook and handed it to the good woman. The next day she received from him a check for one thousand times that amount.—New York Times.

One Trait of American Character.

There is one trait of our national character which foreigners can never comprehend, and that is our unshakable faith in our ability to "come out all right in the end." We stand idly and more or less indifferently by and allow a country to be pushed to the verge of a financial or political precipice under the impulse of some kind of popular craze or another, entirely confident that just before it slips over we can take hold of it and pull it back. We have done this again and again, and nothing seems to shake our faith in our ability to repeat the operation whenever occasion arises. It costs us enormously, not only in reputation, but also in money, and retards our growth and progress in a thousand ways, but nothing seems likely to cure us of the habit, unless it be a great national calamity due to our failing in some crisis to take alarm quickly enough.—Century.

London Bridge.

London bridge is constructed of granite and is considered among the finest specimens of bridge architecture. The present structure was commenced in 1824 and completed in seven years, at a cost of over £250,000.

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Concerning Breakfast.

Breakfast is an interesting meal historically. Practically I like it not; one has the long day to face, the day with its fatigues, and its worries, and its anxieties. Give me in silence my tea and toast; the butter, if you please, and The Times—it is a fearful joy to open the paper in these days of surprises and excitement. My paper goes with the second cup of tea. I read out bits of news. Do not ask me to laugh or tell stories during breakfast. Well, but why historically? Have you ever read an essay by Dr. Quincy on the Roman breakfast? That will show the historic interest of the modern meal. It is partially the development of what the French call the "gouter," the English bever or nunchion or luncheon; the snack or stay taken on getting up, before the early dinner, which was formerly served at 10. It also partly takes the place of the early dinner. There were with us, as there are now in France, two meals in the day—the early dinner and the supper. But nature required something to begin upon, especially when the dinner grew later, and so the modern breakfast was introduced. This breakfast began to assume something of the early dinner. Men took beef and beer for breakfast; they dined at 3 or 4; they had some light supper in the evening. The modern breakfast is the invasion of the early dinner into the bever; the late dinner took the place of supper and was served at 4, 5, 6 successively, until it reached 8:30. The early dinner came back again and is now served at 1.—Sir Walter Besant.

A Wonderful Avenue.

Magnolia avenue, which has been the pride of Riverside from its founding, and which has won a national reputation as a boulevard, has had two defects. The streets leading to it were usually dusty and disagreeable, while the darkness of the avenue, owing to the dense foliage of the overhanging pepper trees, made it a rather dismal evening drive. All that is at an end. It is now possible to drive from the heart of town over macadamized streets, perfectly free from dust and mud, direct to the peerless Magnolia avenue, and if the drive be taken in the evening arc lights are encountered every 800 feet, giving splendid illumination. When the avenue is reached, there is presented such a sight as few, if any, towns possess. The electric poles are but 134 feet apart, and from these brackets project about three feet. From each bracket hangs a cluster of three incandescent lights covered with a reflector, which throws the light on to the driveway.

As one stands at one end of this row of lights but four or five of them can be distinguished as individual lights, the remainder forming a continuous chain of fire which seemingly stretches away for untold miles beneath the verdant canopy of the arching pepper trees. Modern as is the scene, it impresses the beholder as an oriental fantasy worthy of the Spanish Moors. The imagined extent of the wondrous chain of fire, however, is in a degree an optical illusion. Instead of being miles in length, it is but a little over a mile. Instead of there being untold thousands of lights, one is amazed to learn that there are but 150, suspended from but 50 poles.—Los Angeles Times.

How She Dieted.

Mr. I. Zangwill, at a dinner of the Maccabees, told the following story: "The fat girl of C., gentlemen, is not a myth, nor a show person, but a solid, private reality that I have seen. Her fatness weighed upon her; so she went to a physician to be rid of some of it. He drew up a careful dietary. She was to eat dry toast, plain boiled beef, etc., and to return in a month to report reduction. At the end of the month she could hardly get through the doctor's doorway. He was aghast. 'Did you eat what I told you?' he asked. 'Religiously.' His brow wrinkled itself. Suddenly he had a flash of inspiration. 'Anything else?' he asked. 'My ordinary meals.'"

Youthful Interrogator.

"Mother," said a thoughtful Boston child to his maternal relative.

"What is it, Waldo?"

"Is Philadelphia older than Boston, mother?"

"Of course not, my son. The first settlement was made in Charlestown in 1630, while William Penn did not arrive on the site of Philadelphia until 53 years later."

"That was always my impression, mother, but how is it that Philadelphia is mentioned in the Bible, while Boston is not?"—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

The red carnation is regarded in Spain as an emblem of despair. There is a tradition in Andalusia that the flower sprang from the blood of the Virgin Mary.

The distance between Cape Town, South Africa, and Washington is 6,684 miles.

One Goes Down Hill

Much faster than it is possible to get up again! Some never get up at all.

This is particularly true of people afflicted with kidney disease, and rheumatic persons whose blood is full of uric acid.

They try to get up, but don't know how. They go at it the wrong way.

The *right* way is to heal your kidneys and make them strong, so that they will filter out of the blood all impurities—uric acid being the worst of all blood poisons.

To heal and strengthen your kidneys take

Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills.

Thousands have testified after using these life-giving pills that their kidneys were sick but now they are well.

They are at the top of the hill again.

Your experience will be the same if you follow this advice.

"Could Not Keep on Her Feet Before Taking Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills."

Lima O., Oct. 29 1896.

I never had any medicine act so well or do me so much good as Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills; I can't praise them too much. Could not keep on my feet before taking them, but now experience no pain at all.

MRS. THOS. LAMBERT,
160 S. Jackson St.

Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills, 50 cents a box. Hobbs Medicine Co., Proprietors, Chicago.

For Sale By

WM. M. MELVILLE, PHARMACIST,
Old P. O. Cor., Lima, Ohio.

Smoke Prevention.

In considering the important subject of smoke prevention recently the Cleveland Engineers' club listened to a paper by C. H. Benjamin, who stated that a number of experiments were made several years ago on a very black and dense smoke. It was all collected, the amount of solid matter was determined by weight, and it was found to be in all one-third of 1 per cent, or one-three-hundredth of the weight of coal burned at the time, probably one-half of this solid matter being carbon, showing the amount of coal actually wasted in soot to be one-six-hundredth part of the coal. In preventing smoke, the principal requirements enumerated by Mr. Churchill are three—namely, that the coal be evenly heated, that there be a free supply of hot air raised to the temperature of combustion, and that the volatile matters distilled from the coal shall pass through gases of such temperature that they will be burned, thus making it impossible for the gases that distill from the coal to escape by the chimney or to become cooled after once having been ignited. The great mistake, he thinks, that many manufacturers have made in attempts to invent a smoke preventing device by the introductions of air about the fuel or at the bridge wall is that the air has not been made hot enough. The introduction of cold air is a disadvantage rather than an advantage, so far as preventing smoke is concerned, the fact being that it will produce smoke where none existed before.—New York Sun.

Big Alligators.

At the end of a chapter on alligators in his book, "Hunting and Fishing in Florida," Mr. Charles B. Cory, curator of the department of ornithology in the Field Columbian museum, Chicago, gives an entry which he once saw in the register of the Brock House.

In the old days, when transportation was more difficult than it is at present, the Brock House was about the end of civilization and was a 24 hours' trip by boat from Jacksonville. It was at that time a great resort for sportsmen, who were attracted there by the fishing and shooting to be had in the vicinity.

The old register, which extended back a great many years, contained some queer records, some of them of doubtful veracity. Among others, some one had written:

"March 19, 1872, killed a large alligator, the largest seen here this year. The stomach contained a boot, a piece of pine wood, a fisherman's float and some small fish."

Immediately beneath this record was another, evidently added by some wag: "March 24, killed a much bigger alligator than the one mentioned above. The stomach contained a gold watch, $10,000 in government bonds and a cord of wood."

On the next page, written in a neat, unobtrusive style, was inscribed the following: "Shot the biggest alligator ever known in Florida. The stomach contained the remains of a steam launch, a lot of old railway iron and a quantity of melted ice, proving that it existed during the glacial epoch."

Her Small Part In It.

"How did this vase get broken, Mary?"

"It fell off the pedeshtal, ma'am."

"How did you upset the pedestal?"

"Oi niver touched it. The chair bumped into it, ma'am."

"And didn't you push the chair?"

"Oi did not, ma'am. It was the table done that. All Oi did was to push the sofy up again' the table, and goodness knows Oi can't see phot's a-goin to happen that far off."—Pick Me Up.

A fly which has been caught by adhesive paper has been observed to show signs of life at the end of nine days.

Smarting and Burning.

CONNEAUT, O., Dec. 12, 1896.—"I suffered from eczema ever since I was a child, and six years ago I had a great deal of trouble on account of smarting and burning on my flesh. Last March I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and took six bottles. Since then I have been able to do my washing and ironing, and I have had no return of the eczema." Mrs. Ida M. Potter.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE MISTAKE SHE MADE.

Railroad Travelers Who at Least Understood Each Other.

She sat by the car window, gazing out upon the unrolling scenery and possibly dreaming of home and things like that.

About six feet away from her, across the aisle, was an empty seat, which at the next station was filled by a man with a sample case. He was 50 years of age or thereabout and was quite as dapper looking as if he were 30 and still the knight to please every fair dame who set her soft eyes upon him.

The lady was young and pretty, with perhaps a shade too much display in her makeup, but still one could hardly say that, for all is not gold that glitters in such cases—or words to that effect.

When the man had sat down in the vacant seat and composed himself for the journey before him, he began to look about to familiarize himself with his environments, and in the course of his visual wanderings his eyes fell upon the young lady. He gave a slight start, as people do when they think they see somebody they know, and looked again.

The lady wasn't looking, of course. But she wasn't asleep.

Not in the slightest.

After a minute or two or three or four of hesitating investigation the traveling man, for it was he, arose and very politely and deferentially approached the young lady.

It was done as if he had been practicing that sort of thing ever since he had picked up the first sample case. Either that or he was to the manner born.

"I beg your pardon," he said as she turned from the window to meet him with a half startled, fawnlike movement not altogether unusual on such occasions, "aren't you Miss Morton of Philadelphia?"

She gave him a glassy stare with a raw edge on it.

"You don't look like a man," she replied with an insolent air, "who would try to work as old a racket as that on me. Do I look so green as that?"

It was now his turn to gaze at her in startled wonder.

"Oh, that's all right," she laughed, moving over to make room beside her, "and I'll forgive you. You know I am not Miss Morton of Philadelphia or anywhere else, and so do I know it. But sit down. I'm lonesome, and I'd just as soon have a pleasant little talk with you as not. I'm to meet mamma at the station where we take dinner."

"I beg your pardon," said the traveling man, backing away. "I am sure if you are not Miss Morton I have no desire whatever to talk with you."

Then he went back to his place, and the flip young woman was rather inclined to the opinion that there was at least one man on the road who could be mistaken honestly.

All of which occurred between Washington and New York within the last two weeks.—Washington Star.

KILLING WOLVES.

Some of the Methods Used to Get Rid of the Pests.

Whole families of the animals are sometimes asphyxiated in their dens. A wolf of the gray variety generally makes its home by getting on the side of a dirt gulch and burrowing straight inward until a safe distance from the surface is reached. There her young are born and raised to sturdy cub estate.

When a cowboy locates a den in which he believes the entire family to be gathered, a composite mass of cotton, saturated with damp flour sulphur and other noxious smelling substances, is thrust into the den and set on fire. The mouth of the hole is then filled with clay tamped down solidly, and the imprisoned wolves are speedily suffocated within. In this way from 6 to 10 and 11 wolves, young and old, are wiped out at one stroke.

Another effective method is to bore four or more holes in a flat piece of board and plug them up with beef fat soaked in strychnine. The odor of the fat attracts any wolves that may be in the vicinity, and they lick the fat voraciously until the leavening of poison does its work upon them and they drop dead. Very often as many as a dozen wolves are killed off by this process before the fat in the holes is exhausted.

Strychnine inclosed in capsules is also used. The capsule is thrust into a slit cut in a chunk of beef, and the wolf, bolting the meat whole, falls an easy victim. Steel traps, baited with raw beef, are also tried with fair success.—Denver Republican.

Reading Women Organize.

The women voters of Reading, Pa., met recently at the home of Mrs. William Carter, Woburn street, and formed an organization. Mrs. S. G. B. Pearson was chosen temporary chairman. Officers for the ensuing year were balloted for, and the following were elected: Mrs. George Bosson, permanent chairman; Mrs. Warren E. Eaton, clerk; Mrs. S. G. B. Pearson, treasurer. The society then nominated Mrs. Ellen M. Bancroft for member of the school committee and recommended that Mrs. Gertrude Hussey be nominated as a trustee of the public library. Mrs. Warren Eaton was chosen a committee of one to confer with the proper authorities in regard to having a woman on the board of overseers of the poor. In conclusion, the society earnestly recommend that every woman in town qualified to vote should register and cast her vote at the coming town election.

A Confused Judge.

An English lawyer who had a habit of dropping his h's was one day prosecuting before Mr. Justice Lawrance a man for stealing, among other things, a halter. Constantly and consistently he spoke of "'alter," and after an hour or so of this the judge summoned the clerk of assize and seriously asked him, "Is this the crown court?" "Yes, my lord, I believe so," was the answer of the wondering official. "Thank you. I am relieved. I thought I had found my way into an ecclesiastical tribunal."

The pleasantest, safest and most efficient remedy known for every kind of cough, lagrippe, influenza, etc. Safe for all ages. Does not sicken or disagree with the stomach. The formula has been used very extensively by the most noted physicians in the hospitals of London, Paris and New York with the very best of success. It is now known as

DR. KAY'S LUNG BALM

Mrs. Hannah Shepard, 391 N. 16th Street, Omaha, Neb., writes: "Four years ago I had Lagrippe and coughed almost continually ever since. I tried several doctors and various cough medicines, but could get no relief. One package Dr. Kay's Lung Balm cured me entirely." Sold by druggists or sent by mail for 25 cts. Send address for very valuable free booklet. (Western Office) DR. B. J. KAY MEDICAL CO., 620 S. 16th St., Omaha, Neb.

SOLD BY

HARLEY PHARMACY, LIMA, OHIO.

THE WOMEN OF THE DAYS OF YORE.

The women of the days of yore!
They never talked of "mind,"
Yet bore beneath their thoughtful breasts
The great of human kind.

They never talked of their own rights,
Yet knew their rights, and then
In their sweet perfectness of heart
They chose to give us men.

O women of the days of yore!
From your high heaven bow,
And breathe your true, sweet woman's soul
On every daughter's brow.

So, women of the days of yore!
They'll know their rights, and then,
Like you, in their sweet perfectness
They'll give us mighty men
—New York Ledger.

Early Use of the Plow.

Plowing was undoubtedly first done with a forked stick, the long arm being harnessed in some primitive way to an ox or team of oxen, and the short arm pointed, for the purpose of penetrating the ground. The plow is one of the oldest of agricultural implements, and it is a curious fact that in oriental countries the same kind of plow is used now as was described by the writers of 2,000 years ago. The plow represented on the Egyptian monuments of 2,000 B. C. may be seen in the valley of the Nile today. Our patent office has over 10,000 models of plows. In Egypt, Syria and India there is but one, and that the one which has been in use for thousands of years. The plow described by Virgil, 31 B. C., is in use in many country districts in Italy today. In 1618 patents were taken out by David Ramsey and Thomas Wildgoose for "engines to plow grounds, whether inland or upland." In the Scriptures, plowing with different kinds of animals hitched together was forbidden on account of the cruelty involved by the unequal draft imposed upon animals of different sizes working in the same harness. In China the plow is a sacred implement, and models are consecrated in the temples of the gods. As early as 1849 steam plows were patented in the United States.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Outside Decoration of French Houses.

Ferdinand Mazas, in The Architectural Record, explains sculpture as applied to Paris houses. "Twenty years ago," Mr. Mazas says, "the external ornamentation of French houses was, in general of a very sober character." Today decoration is very much in fashion and perhaps not always discreet.

M. Paul Heneux, having been intrusted with the erection of the new town hall at Les Lilas, a charming little place near Paris, conceived the idea of treating all the sculpture of the building with lilacs. The capitals, the balcony, the friezes and the flower work placed above the dormer windows represent nothing but sprays, branches, leaves and petals of lilac. The brackets of the windows are also formed of flowers of the same spring shrub. As to the baluster of the grand staircase, it represents a trellis with branches of lilac climbing over it. Yet the architect has avoided monotony and has produced the most graceful variations upon this single theme adopted by him. We will also mention a house designed by M. Paul Heneux. In this case all the sculpture has been inspired by the profession of the owner, who is a druggist. The frontals of the dormer windows of this house are ornamented with garlands of mallows and poppies. The frieze is composed of renaissance motives, in the ornamentation of which other medicinal plants figure. Finally, on the first story there is an escutcheon that recalls the origin of the fortune of the owner, who is the disseminator of some kind of ointment or elixir.

Mother Almost Worn Out Hand's Colic Cure Gave Instant Relief

BELL BROOK, O., March 25, 96.—Dr Hand—"I received your sample bottle of Colic Cure and was never so glad in my life. My baby had the wind colic ever since she was born and I was almost worn out. I gave her a dose without my husband's knowledge and it gave her instant relief, and she has not been the least trouble since I gave her the first dose. I would not be without it for anything. I will recommend your Colic Cure to every mother. Mrs J. O. Wade." Sold by all druggists, 25c

Grippe Cured.

"Last winter I had a bad cold and severe cough. I was lame in every joint and muscle. I was sick and felt as though I was coming down with typhoid fever. It was no doubt a bad case of grippe. Mr. E. P. Budge gave me a bottle of Brazilian Balm, saying he was sure it would help me. The relief was almost instantaneous. It quickly stopped my cough and took the grippe with all the pains and soreness out of my system. I gave the balance of the 50-cent bottle to Mrs. Bishop Wiley for her daughter. It proved so beneficial she says she never intends to be without it."—Edwin Fitz Jones, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 8682.

Ex. Doc. 9. Page 2

The First National Bank of Lima, Ohio, Plaintiff,
vs.
Alice Showalter, et al.,
Defendants.

Allen Com Pleas

By virtue of an order of sale, issued fr the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen Cou Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for s at the east door of the Court House in Li Allen County, Ohio on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 30th, A. D 18

Between the hours of one o'clock and f o'clock p. m., the following described la and tenements, situate on Second Street the City of Lima, Allen County, State Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Inlot number thirty seven, hundred thirty-six—3736—in Hughes' Sub-division inlots in Hughes' Second Addition to the of Lima, in said County and State.

Appraised at $600 00

Terms of sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff
Allen County, Ohi

Lima, Ohio, December 24th, 1896.
H. L. Brice, plaintiff's attorney.

NOTICE.

Walter B. Richie, and Prophet and Eastman, Plaintiffs,
vs.
Elma Henders and William H. Henders, Defendants.

Case No. 8
Court
Common
Pl
Allen
Coun
O

Elmer Henders and William H. Hend will take notice that, on the 12th day of December 1896, Walter B. Richie, and Pro and Eastman the plaintiffs, in said co duly commenced a civil action against th to recover against them the sum of se hundred and twenty five dollars, with interest thereon, from December 12th, 189 legal services performed by the plaintiff the defendants, at their request, and for sum and interest the plaintiffs ask judgm against said Elma Henders and William Henders. An order of attachment in said tion has been duly issued against the pro ty of said Elma Henders and William Henders.

Said Elma Henders and William H. He are required to answer the petition in said action on the 6th day of February, A 1897, or judgment will be taken against t by default for said amount and interest costs.

WALTER B. RICHIE.
PROPHET AND EASTMAN
Plaintiff

12-25 fri 6w

Assignee's Sale of Real Estate.

In pursuance of an order of the Pro Court of Allen county, Ohio, I will offer sale at public auction on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 16TH 1897,

at one o'clock p. m., at the east door of court house in said county and state, the lowing described real estate, to wit:

A part of the east half of the north quarter of section twenty-nine (29) town three (3) south, range seven (7) east, descr as follows:

Beginning at a point, marked by a peg the center of the Findlay road 1320 feet northeasterly direction from a stone w the center line of north Sugar street cro the center line of the Findlay road; th north 1321 feet; thence east 1320 feet; the south 1267 feet; thence along the center of the Findlay road south 83 degrees 1336 feet to the point of beginning, cont ing 42.25 100 acres of land, more or less, al Allen County, Ohio

Appraised at $3168 75.

Terms of sale—Cash.

JOHN M. BOOSE,
Trustee of Peter M. B
Jason G. Lamison, Attorney for J
Boose. 12 11

Notice of Appointment

Estate of Martin A. Kroff, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed qualified as Administrator of the estate Martin A. Kroff, late of Allen County, O deceased.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D.

1-2 3w* PHILIP A. HAWK, Administrat

A Handsome Complexio

is one of the greatest charms a woman possess. PozzoNI'S COMPLEXION POW gives it.

Piles! Piles! Piles

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment cures Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itc Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, give stant relief. Dr Williams' Indian Pile ment is prepared only for Piles and Itc of the private parts, and nothing else. box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, by mail, for 50c and $1 per box. WILL M'F'G CO., Prop's, Cleveland O. For sa F. H. Vortkamp, n e corner Main and N streets.

A positive cure for all coughs and grippe without causing nausea.

Dr. Kay's Lung Bal

Price 25c. Sent by mail by Dr. B. J. K Medical Co., Omaha, Neb. Send booklet. Sold by Druggists.

Dr. Kay's Renovator Guaranteed to dyspepsia, constip liver and kidney diseases. At drug 25c and $1. Send for free sample and b let. Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Om Neb.

LADY AGENTS. We furnish everyt you invest nothing. Work ladies, pleasant and very profitable. Free. C. C. Shimer, Omaha, Neb.

S. F. Fritz, of 677 Sedgwick st Chicago, says: "I had a severe co which settled on my lungs. I t a number of advertised remedies also placed myself under treatm of several physicians, with no ben I was recommended to try Fo Honey and Tar. With little ex tation of getting relief, I purch a bottle. I had taken but few d when I felt greatly improved; I enabled to sleep, splitting of t ceased, and by the time I had t the second bottle I was entirely It saved my life." H. F. Vortk n. e. cor. Main and North street

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Buy Wood

To-Day

To-morrow the gas line may break and cold meals be your portion. As a preventive, ...

. . . . . TO THE CALAMITY

PUT WOOD IN THY CELLAR!

I WILL HAVE PLENTY OF IT FOR EVERYBODY.

THE SOUTH LIMA HANDLE WORKS.

Cor. Kibby and Tanner Streets. Telephone 91.

Read

A newspaper that serves the news when you want it. That is what

The Daily Times-Democrat

Does every evening. Subscribe for it

And You Will Get

All the local and general news of the day, concisely and accurately told. We publish

All the News.

Ten cents a week by carrier.

HEART : DISEASE.

Some facts regarding the

Rapid Increase of Heart Troubles.

Do not be alarmed, but

LOOK FOR THE CAUSE.

Heart troubles, at least among Americans, are certainly increasing, and, while this may be largely due to the excitement and worry of American business life, it is more often the result of weak stomachs, of poor digestion.

Real, organic heart disease is incurable; but not one case in a hundred of heart trouble is organic.

The close relation between heart trouble and poor digestion is because both organs are controlled by branches of the same great nerves; the Sympathetic and Pneumogastric.

In another way, also, the heart is affected by that form of poor digestion, which causes gas and fermentation from half digested food; there is a feeling of oppression and heaviness in the chest caused by pressure of the distended stomach on the heart and lungs, interfering with their action; hence arise palpitation and short breath.

Poor digestion also poisons the blood, makes it thin and watery, which irritates and weakens the heart.

The most sensible treatment for heart troubles is to improve the digestion and to insure the prompt assimilation of food.

This can best be done by the regular use, after meals, of some safe, pleasant and effective digestive preparation, like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which may be found at most drug stores, and which contain valuable, harmless digestive elements in a pleasant, convenient form.

It is safe to say that the regular, persistent use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at meal time will cure any form of stomach trouble, except cancer of the stomach.

Full size packages of the Tablets sold by most druggists at 50 cents, or by mail from Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

Little book on stomach troubles mailed free. Address, Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

Humane Society Notice

A cordial invitation is extended to all persons interested in humane work to meet with the society in the Board of Education rooms to-night at 7:30 o'clock. MRS. GERMANN, Secretary.

One thing is certain: It will not do to fool with a bad cold. No one can tell what the end will be. Pneumonia, catarrh, chronic bronchitis, if not consumption, invariably result from a neglected cold. It is surprising, too, that bad colds are so often neglected when one remembers how easily and at what little expense they may be cured. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is always prompt and effectual, and costs but a trifle; 25 or 50 cents is a trifle as compared with the disastrous effects of a neglected cold. Mr. Abner Mercer, of Dilworthtown, Chester county, Pa., in speaking of this remedy, said: "Sometime ago I had a bad cold and cough. I tried almost everything. Finally Mr. Hunt, the druggist, recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and one 50 cent bottle of it cured me entirely." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

Minnie Maddern Saturday Night.

The most powerful scenes in Minnie Maddern Fiske's new play, "The Right to Happiness," revolve about the person of the heroine, Madeline, personated by Mrs. Fiske, to gain matrimonial happiness. Of naturally noble attributes, her life has been embittered and her soul warped by the fact that she is a cripple. She is happily situated in all other worldly matters, and finally determines to buy happiness as her father buys stocks and bonds. She patronizes a needy young artist, in whom she recognizes great genius, and resolves that she will marry him. She sets her starvation for vital affection against his poverty, and makes a compact with him by which he is to enjoy the benefits of her wealth in furthering his artistic education, while on the other hand they are to become man and wife when he shall have become successful. She combats single-handed with fate for his success and rejoices almost insolently in his triumphs. In spite of the fact that he does not love her, she does battle with tigerish fierceness for her own heart, defying all the powers of earth and heaven to take him from her. Then, in one supreme moment of anguish, while confronted with a misery greater than her own, Madeline has a vision of the results of unselfishness. For the first time her warped nature sees clearly—learns that renunciation is greater than attainment. But her self-abnegation is rewarded, for at last she enjoys the love of a noble man, and all that is admirable in her develops.

Excursions to Mexico via Pennsylvania Lines, January 19th and February 27th.

Under escort of American Tourist Association, Reau Campbell, General Manager. Sleeping and dining cars and special baggage cars through all the tour without change. More miles and days in Mexico, more cities and towns than ever offered. Tickets include all expenses, sleeping and dining cars, hotels, etc. For information apply to F. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pennsylvania Lines, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Foley's Honey and Tar

Cough Syrup wherever introduced is considered the most pleasant and effective remedy for all throat and lung complaints. It is the only prominent cough medicine that contains no opiates and that can safely be given to children. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

FOR BURGLARY

And Chicken Stealing, the Wades and Kemp Are Indicted.

The report of the Auglaize county grand jury, recently in session at Wapakoneta, contains the following:

"State of Ohio vs Benj. and Albert Wade and Wm. Kemp. Charged with stealing poultry from John Duvail, St. Clair DeLong and A. E. Steinbaugh; also indicted for burglary, charged with having broken into the wagon shed of Isaiah Shaw and taken robes therefrom."

The three defendants are from this city, the Wades belonging in Smoky Row, where, after their arrest at Wapakoneta, the local police unearthed a lot of stolen buggy robes which had been stolen and buried by Ben and Albert Wade and their accomplices. Kemp was arrested here two or three weeks ago and was taken to Wapakoneta, where he and the Wades are held in default of bail.

THE GRAND JURY

Indicts Frank Fisher, Who Assaulted Hon. Wm J. Bryan.

The Auglaize county grand jury report, published in the Wapakoneta *Republican*, contains the following, together with the reports of other cases, in which indictments were returned:

"State of Ohio vs. Frank Fisher, assault and battery on Wm. J. Bryan."

Fisher is the man who assaulted Hon. William Jennings Bryan at Wapakoneta, after the latter had delivered an address to the public there last October.

One of the most remarkable cures of rheumatism on record is related by Mr J. M. Thompson, postmaster at Decker's Point, Pa., as follows: "While out driving one day last winter I was caught in a cold rain. The next morning I was unable to move my head or arms, owing to an attack of inflammatory rheumatism. My clerk telephoned for a physician, but suggested that I use Chamberlain's Pain Balm, there being a bottle open on the counter. He rubbed the affected parts thoroughly with Pain Balm and built up a hot fire. I dozed off to sleep and when I awoke about half an hour later the pain had gone entirely, and I have not been troubled since. People come here from many miles around to buy Chamberlain's medicines." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

He Is Insane.

New York, Jan. 15.—Philo McGriffin, who commanded the Chinese battleship Chen Yuen in the battle of the Yalu river Sept. 17, 1894, has become violently insane. The physician who was attending believes that his mental disorder is the result of wounds received in the battle named above and hopes that an operation will disclose some splinter of the skull or other extraneous substance pressing upon the brain, and that removal of the cause of the difficulty will restore Captain McGiffon to reason.

Both Weary of Elopement.

New York, Jan. 15.—The World correspondent sent to Budapest writes that it is his judgment, after nearly a fortnight of daily interviews, luncheons and dinners with the Princess De Chimay and her gypsy lover, that both are already tired of their elopement. But the gypsy wants to make as much money out of it as possible before the inevitable parting.

Objects to McCormick's Portrait.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The secretary of the treasury has directed the chief of the bureau of engraving and printing not to use the portrait of Cyrus McCormick of Chicago on the new $10 silver certificates, as was contemplated. The proposition was opposed by persons interested in rival harvesters.

Another Good Man Gone Wrong.

He failed to use Foley's Kidney Cure for his kidney complaint. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

Touched, But Useless.

Mr. Toeclip—Yes, I am afraid that, after all, your wheel is really better than mine.

Miss Sprocket—I am glad to hear you say so, Mr. Toeclip, but (regretfully) I can never be more than a sister to you.—*New York Journal.*

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples; chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge.

Cured in One Night.

Charles H. Connelle, Esq., leading lawyer of York, Pa., says: "Your Brazilian Balm cured me of one of the worst colds I ever experienced, in one night. I think it the greatest medicine in the market, and you can use my name any way you like.

Yes, 'tis true;
Foley's Honey and Tar
Is the best Cough Medicine.

H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

CHANGED HIS LUNCH

Cockburn's Tale.

"A lunch with a good strong cup of coffee used to answer my needs for noonday, but of late I have been compelled to leave off the coffee because it made me throw up occasionally. I tried chocolate, but that didn't fit the taste, neither did tea. Finally my wife suggested that I use her drink, Postum Cereal, the grain beverage. It proved so near like fine Mocha in color and taste that it suited me vastly better than any of the other breakfast drinks and the stomach and bowels made no more complaint, in fact I have recovered entirely from any trouble of this sort, and we couldn't keep house without Postum for our coffee." So says Geo. A. Cockburn, grocer, at Lansing, Mich. Write him.

Postum Cereal is a pure grain beverage that looks and tastes like coffee. Those who cannot drink berry coffee will find that Postum exactly fills the want and also delights the children.

TO SEE M'KINLEY.

Senator Sherman Departs From Washington For Canton.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Senator John Sherman, who has accepted the position of secretary of state in Mr. McKinley's cabinet, left for Canton to have a conference with the president-elect.

It has been known for several days past that Mr. Sherman intended to go to Canton, but the date of his departure was not definitely fixed.

It is understood that during Senator Sherman's visit to Ohio it will be definitely determined when his resignation will take effect, so there will be no delay in the appointment of his successor. His resignation will be tendered to Governor Bushnell, who will, as now agreed upon, name Mr. Hanna.

Talk With Brinsmade.

Cleveland, Jan. 15.—The movement to send John Sherman to the senate for another term in case he is not made a cabinet minister is being pushed here. Several Ohio newspapers have wired Colonel A. T. Brinsmade, who is at the head of the movement, for information as to the exact situation as regards Sherman. He replied, stating that there was a strong probability of Sherman going into McKinley's cabinet, but that in the absence of absolute certainty efforts would be continued to have the next Republican state convention indorse Sherman for the senate, as Foraker has been, in case Sherman does not take a cabinet portfolio.

Engaged to Howard Gould.

San Francisco, Jan. 15. — The Post has an interview with Mrs. J. W. Dayan of Palo Alto, mother of Miss Katherine Clemmons, the actress, in which Mrs. Drayan says her daughter is engaged to Howard Gould, son of the late Jay Gould, and that Gould acknowledged the engagement to her recently while in New York, and that Katherine is coming to California in a few days to visit her family prior to her marriage.

Millionaire Miner Missing.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Millionaire Mine Owner George S. Hammond of the San Juan mining district of New Mexico is missing, and it is feared that he has been foully dealt with. Hammond left Albuquerque, N. M., Christmas week, bound for Chicago to dispose of some mining property. He had several thousand dollars with him and a quantity of valuable jewelry.

Opposed by the President.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The president has approved the act providing for the purchase of public lands for reservoir sites; the acts authorizing the construction of railroad bridges across Caddo Lake, La., and Black river, La., and the act granting pensions to the widow of General H. P. Van Cleve.

Populists Will Fight.

Salem, Or., Jan. 15.—The house met but no quorum appeared. Uren (Pop.) of Klackimas county announced the position of the Populists to the effect that if an effort was made to use force to capture the house, it would be met with force, and he warned members not to undertake it.

Senator Gear's Intentions.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Senator Gear, chairman of the committee on Pacific railroads, will call a meeting of that committee to consider the bill introduced by him for the appointment of a commission to conduct a settlement of the indebtedness of the bond-aided roads.

A Kentucky Contest.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The house elections committee heard the arguments in the contest from the Tenth district of Kentucky brought by N. T. Hopkins, the Republican candidate, against Joseph M. Kendall, the sitting member.

Eckels Goes to Chicago.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Mr. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, has gone to Chicago on business with the defunct National Bank of Illinois.

Will Make Sacrifices.

New York, Jan. 15.—Mr. Bliss finds that he can not accept a portfolio in President-elect McKinley's cabinet without making very serious sacrifices.

The Weather.

For West Virginia—Clearing; colder; northerly winds.

For Ohio—Probably fair; fresh northerly winds.

For Indiana—Continued unsettled; slightly colder; variable winds.

CUBAN BUDGET.

The Organ of the Autonomist Party Has Been Suspended.

Havana, Jan. 15. — An insurgent named T. Arcsia at Matanzas and three others at Puerto Principe have been arrested.

El Pueblo, the organ of the Autonomist party, has been suspended after a fine had been three times levied upon it.

The American steamer Algiers, from New Orleans, brought 585 horses and 29 mules, consigned to General Weyler.

The [illegible] steamer Ambrosia [illegible] from Pinar del Rio, has brought in two officers and 84 men sick and wounded. In the last three days 71 armed insurgents have surrendered at different points in Matanzas, Santa Clara and Pinar del Rio.

The insurgent leader Andres Borroto has been killed in an engagement at Yaguajay, in Santa Clara. An insurgent camp consisting of 50 huts has been destroyed by the troops near Santiago de Cuba.

Letter From Mr. Maso.

New York, Jan. 15.—General Carlos Roloff, secretary of war of the republic of Cuba, has received a letter from Bartolome Maso, vice president of Cuba, dated province of Santiago, Dec. 31.—Mr. Maso says: "There is not the slightest division among ourselves, neither have we had it in mind to desist from maintaining the civil government, as President Cleveland has it in his message. All the authorities work within the circle of their respective functions, subordinate to the constitution and in perfect accord with the council of the government, which is strong and will continue firm in its place, receiving respect from all."

Nine Killed.

Havana, Jan. 15.—The San Quentin battalion at Cayo De Espino, province of Pinar del Rio, has had a skirmish with the insurgents during which the latter lost nine men killed, including the secretary or General Ruis Rivera, the insurgent leader who succeeded Antonio Maceo in command of the Cuban forces of that part of the island. The troops also destroyed three insurgent camps.

Dolphin Was Too Anxious.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 15.—The Clyde steamship Delaware, Captain Ingram, which arrived in port from Boston, had quite an unexpected adventure just before daylight when off the bar, being mistaken for a filibuster by the dispatch boat Dolphin.

To Prevent Spread of Disease.

Havana, Jan. 15.—La Lucha urges the municipal and provincial sanitary authorities to take energetic and effective steps to prevent the spread of the present epidemic of smallpox which, it says, is extending in all the wards in an alarming manner.

In Behalf of Cuba.

Albany, Jan. 15. — Resolutions calling upon congress to recognize the belligerency of Cuban insurgents were introduced in the assembly and made a special order for next Monday night.

To Curtail Manufacture.

Boston, Jan. 15.—The movement began some time ago to curtail production in cotton manufacturing in New England has become active, and steps are being taken to sound the principal manufacturers on the question.

Lodge at Canton.

Canton, O., Jan. 15.—Senator Lodge has left for the east. The object of his visit he declined to state. But he said sufficient to show that the conference did not concern himself and the cabinet.

STORIES OF THE STREET.

LIMA PEOPLE ARE TALKING ABOUT IT!

ON EVERY CORNER. : : :

It is sometimes an easy matter to fool the public, but you can't keep it up very long. They are sure to find you out, and every time a man is fooled, another skeptic is made. Skepticism is allowable when reading in a home newspaper about some incident occurring in San Francisco or Iowa, but the circumstances are entirely different when it refers to some one right here at home; friends and neighbors, people you know, whom you can see, and with whom you talk it over. This is the kind of evidence at the back of Doan's Kidney Pills—home statements by home people, and the astonishing local work they have been doing has caused more talk among our citizens than the doings of any other modern wonder. Read the following:

Mrs. L. D. Cole, residing at No. 250 Spencerville Road, adds her name to the list of those in Lima who have been benefitted by using Doan's Kidney Pills for backache and kidney troubles. She says:—"I have had very much benefit from using Doan's Kidney Pills, which I obtained from W. M. Melville, No. 147 north Main street. I am able, now, to get about attending to my household duties without being weighed down with the attending evils of kidney trouble. I have used but one box of them, and it cannot be expected that a long standing case like mine can be cured in a week or two, but I shall continue them for a time longer until every trace of the trouble has been removed. Before taking Doan's Kidney Pills I had lameness in my back occasionally for two years or so, but about six months ago it remained right with me and kept up a dull grinding ache day and night. I could not sleep at all if I had been engaged in any work a little harder than usual. There was an inclination to urinate frequently, and a soreness in my kidneys that I had to be most careful in going down a single step, for the least jar sent the twinges of pain through my back. I can highly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills after my experience in using them, and I am willing to endorse them as a sure and honest kidney remedy."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in north-western Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every postoffice in Allen county. THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing list attests its superiority over all competitors.

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LIMA, Ohio.

Mary had a little lamb. It died of dejection. It tried to live in Ohio, where wool had no protection.—*New Orleans Picayune*

It is said that twenty-eight paper mills have formed a trust to raise prices so as to increase profits $5 000,000 a year. The formation of robbing trusts appears to flourish and take on new life since the election of McKinley.

Mr Carnegie's reduction of 20 to 30 per cent. in wages has caused another outcry against the selfish old man. But Mr Carnegie has to so regulate his business as to make it conform to the gold standard. Prices and wages must necessarily come down everywhere.—*Newark Advocate.*

The total output of the Cripple Creek district from 1892 to 1895, inclusive, was $13,700,000 It is expected that this year's output will reach $10 000 000, making a total of $23 500,000 It is claimed that of this year's output $3,500,000 will be net profit to the owners

A son of Mark Hanna bet $250 that McKinley would have over 50,000 plurality in Ohio. The Major had 51,950 plurality over Bryan and Sewall, but only 40,398 over Bryan and Sewall and Bryan and Watson. The stakeholder gave the money to young Hanna, but the other fellow brought suit in a Cleveland court and the judge compelled Hanna to surrender. It looks as if betting on elections had thus secured a legal status in Ohio.—*New Orleans States.*

The gold disciples who have been in session in Indianapolis at a monetary conference, yesterday passed a resolution that the "present gold standard should be maintained" It was scarcely necessary to call a convention of gold people to pass such a resolution, for their opinion on this subject is patent to everyone. But were the thousands of unemployed workingmen whose families are hungry and cold, or the tens of thousands of farmers who are growing poorer every year because of the continuance of the present gold standard, to give expression to their views on the monetary question, they would doubtless have said that the present standard should be so modified as to permit the monetary supply to become adequate to properly transact the business of the nation, and to start the mills of the country, even if it were necessary to start the mints to do it.

Editor Gibbs, of the Norwalk, Ohio, *Reflector* wants to be public printer under the McKinley administration A better selection could not be made, inasmuch as the incumbent must be a Republican. Mr Gibbs has a wide acquaintance over the country, having been treasurer of the National Editorial Association for years, and has a legion of friends in the fraternity who will help push his cause along.

Although the imports of iron ore have decreased since the duty was reduced from 75 cents per ton to 40 cents per ton by the passage of the Wilson tariff bill, the Western ore producers are asking for the reimposition of the McKinley rate This is intended as a direct stab at the prosperity of iron and steel manufacturers east of the Alleghenies, who, as a condition of competitive production with the users of Superior ores, must have access to cheap sources of foreign supply. To increase the duty on iron ore would not in the least add to the Federal revenues, but it would do grevious injury to eastern Pennsylvania and Maryland iron and steel makers.—*Philadelphia Record.*

It is a remarkable and interesting fact and one of encouragement for Democrats if they will but heed to its lessons, that the presidency has alternated between the two parties with uninterrupted regularity for the past twenty-four years.

Neither party has kept the presidency for two successive terms

In 1876 Tilden was elected by the Democrats, though he was counted out In 1880 Garfield was elected over Hancock by a majority of 59 in the electoral college In 1884 Cleveland defeated Blaine by 37 majority In 1888 Harrison defeated Cleveland by 65 In 1892 Cleveland again prevailed by a majority over Harrison and Weaver of 110 And this year McKinley wins over Bryan by a majority of about 110.

The swing of the pendulum has thus been regular, back and forth, every four years. It will be the Democratic turn again in 1900.—*New York Tribune*

Senator Wolcott, who has gone to Europe to confer with the leading advocates of international bimetallism, stated before his departure that he was not encouraged by anything he knew to believe that his trip would be productive of results, but that he was going to make it because he had been requested by the Bimetallic league to do so, for the purpose of ascertaining in an authoritative way what prospects there are, if any, for international bimetallism. Silver men in Congress while, of course, hoping that Senator Wolcott may bring back encouraging reports, do not believe that he will There is more or less uneasiness among Republicans about his trip. They fear that if he comes back and reports that there is no prospects of obtaining any agreement for international bimetallism, that he and the other silver senators who supported McKinley, may follow Teller and the other silver Republican senators who supported Bryan, out of the party, and that would make the senate anti-Republican for a long period of years.

The anti-trust law is a Republican measure and owes paternity to John Sherman, who is on record as declaring that while the primary object of a protective tariff is to invite the fullest competition by individual and corporations in domestic production whenever that complication is evaded by combinations in restraint of trade, the protective duty should be reduced and foreign competition promptly invited. The New York *Tribune*, another shining light of the Republican party is quoted as having advocated the preparation of a bill which materially limits the pernicious activity of such combinations in the future; "will secure to American laborers larger and more regular employment, and will give to American consumers a better share of the benefits which the rapid development of industries under protection should insure."

But does it insure them? However that may be, the Republicans now have ample opportunity to crush these baleful trusts that are operating such injury to the people. Is any one simple enough to believe they will avail themselves of it? What; quarrel with their bread and butter? Kill the goose that laid the golden eggs from which McKinley was hatched? Not much, if Hanna knows herself and she thinks she do.—*New Orleans States*

In Newark the editors do not dwell together in harmony Editor Lyons has sued Editor Ickes for $10,000 for alleged libellous utterances in the columns of his newspaper.

The Marion *Star* says that arrangements are being made to give a fare well banquet to Judge C H Norris in honor of his elevation to the circuit bench It is understood that the Ohio supreme court judges will be invited to be present, as well as Judge Norris' colleagues on the circuit bench February 4 is the date set for the entertainment

The Dueber works at Canton refuse to open and give employment to several hundred employes as promised before election The proprietors of the Dueber works induced their workmen to march and carry McKinley banners in parades before election; promising that on the 4th of January the factory would resume operations and continue indefinitely. The workmen assembled at the factory as per announcement, but the works didn't resume. The men returned to their homes doing some hard thinking, and one man was heard to remark, "Boys, they made the promises this time; next time we'll do the promising."

A MILLION MORE THAN CLEVELAND GOT.

Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, has written the following letter to a discouraged correspondent, which speaks for itself:

"I don't agree with the gloomy view you take of our efforts. When we polled a million more votes than Cleveland did four years ago, when he was said to have carried the country by a landslide, we certainly have accomplished a good deal, especially when we remember what the feeling of the party was when the Chicago convention met Another thing is a matter of decided satisfaction to me, and that is that we polled at least two-thirds of all the intelligent votes in this country The large Republican vote embraced millions of negroes and utterly unlettered foreigners, who have no conception of the genius of our government, no appreciation of the obligations of citizenship, and no idea of economic questions. In this country I believe that intelligence is bound to win, and considering the fact that the overwhelming majority of intelligent men were on our side in this controversy, I see nothing to dishearten the friends of Democracy."

Good of Strikes.

From the standpoint of strikers and trades unionists Mr M E. J. Kelley sums up in The North American Review the beneficent effect of labor strikes. According to him, they are a great moral engine, shoving on the millennium From the striking workman's point of view he declares all strikes are beneficial to the working people whether they succeed or fail. They set people to thinking, and when that is accomplished the victory is already won. Labor leaders are firm in the conviction that "all the improvements which have been brought about in labor's condition, all the factory laws and boards of arbitration and conciliation, bureaus of statistics, are indirectly due to strikes." A strike may be for the particular men who originate it a miserable failure, yet at the same time a great success for the working people as a whole Mr Kelley mentions a number of strikes, successful and otherwise, in illustration of his arguments.

One of his points is this, "The employer will only consent to settle peaceably all future differences after he has been thoroughly whipped or at any rate made to take a leading part in a long and expensive strike" It is unfortunate that the employer and employed should thus be pitted against each other as mortal enemies in the discussion of such matters The interest of both will be best served when they are the best friends, and not till then.

Summing up, Mr Kelley says:

The labor movement is simply the struggle upward to the light of the wage earning class—the struggle for the emancipation of the proletariat, the socialists call it All emancipating movements have begun in insurrections. Strikes are the insurrections of labor There has come, in all emancipating movements, the taking up of the cause by disinterested outsiders This, too, has happened to labor It marks the step beyond the strike stage of the labor agitation, and that, too, is one of the benefits of strikes Strikes mean progress.

The strange spectacle is again witnessed in this country of western farmers burning their corn for fuel. It is a pity. If that corn could only be turned into good rich beef for the pale faced, underfed city millions in this country, it would do untold good At the moment when Nebraska farmers are burning their corn for fuel there are certainly millions of families in the United States who cannot afford to buy good beef or any beef at all. Thus are supply and demand managed in this civilized age and country.

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COLD WEATHER GOODS!

Coats, Dress Goods, Silks.

Just before stock-taking and we have more Coats, Dress Goods and Silks than we care to carry. We mark such low prices on them this morning that it would be economy in you to buy.

Dress Goods.

There is no lagging of interest in the Dress Goods department. Busy days right through the past week, with frequent spurts when our salespeople are taxed to their utmost; low prices and high qualities are the causes

Black Dress Goods.

75c new fancy weaves for 50 cents.

$1.00 new fancy weaves for 75 cents.

$1 25 new fancy weaves for $1 00.

$1 60 new fancy weaves for $1 25.

Ladies' Nobby Jackets
Misses' Nobby Jackets,
Children's Jackets,

At wonderfully low prices. Some at one-half and even less than one half price. Here is where you should buy your Jacket.

Dress Goods Remnants.
Table Linen Remnants.
Figured Swiss at Half Price.
Remnants of Laces.
One Lot of Corsets.
Infants' Wool Hoods.
Lace Collars,

All sold at one-half price to close

Ready Made Sheets

At Bargain Prices.

They are cheaper than you can buy the material

10-4 bleached Sheets, worth 75c, for 49c
9 4 bleached Sheets, worth 62c, for 37c
10-4 bleached Sheets, worth 70c, for 43c
Pillow Slips, worth 12½c, for 9c
Pillow Slips, worth 14c, for 9c.

Ladies' Ribbed Vests.
Silk and wool, for 25c; in small sizes only

Muslin Underwear
A small lot of Muslin Underwear at half price

Winter Underwear

You'll not mind the cold winds if you buy your winter-weight Underwear here Saving prices in all grades, and specially reduced figures in these assortments

Children's scarlet Underwear at one-half price.

Children's white merino Underwear at one-half price

Wool Blankets.

We only have a few good Blankets left and will sell them this week at special low prices to close them out

MACKINTOSHES.

A small lot of Mackintoshes to close out You can buy them at one half price also

G. E. BLUEM,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Cloak House.

Favored by Gibbons.

Baltimore, Jan 15—Cardinal Gibbons has expressed in unqualified terms his approval of the arbitration treaty between England and the United States His eminence has upon every suitable occasion advocated the settlement of international disputes by this method because in his opinion it reduces to a minimum the dread alternative of war

Robbed by Masked Men.

Macon Jan 15—A party of masked men went to the home of William Rowland a merchant at Adams Station, 22 miles below Macon and demanded his money He refused and attempted to defend himself with a gun firing ensued and Mrs Rowland was shot She has since died

Hospital at Hot Springs.

Washington, Jan 15—The army appropriation bill was reported to the senate from the committee on appropriations The committee restored the provision for the support of the hospital at Hot Springs, Ark, which the house struck out

Estimate For Penitentiary.

Washington, Jan 15.—The secretary of the treasury has transmitted to congress an estimate of $50,000 to establish a site for the erection of a penitentiary on the military reservation at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

Lighthouse Inspector Transferred.

Washington, Jan 15—Commander J B Coghlan has been detached from duty as an inspector of the Eighth lighthouse district at New Orleans and ordered to command the Richmond.

The Sheriff In Charge.

New York Jan 15—The sheriff took charge of the stock of David O'Grady, retail dry goods dealer. Liabilities $40 000, nominal assets, $50,000

For Private Relief.

Calcutta, Jan. 15 — The viceroy of India the Earl of Elgin presided at an influential meeting called to promote private relief measures.

Coal tar is healthful, it is said. This being the case, perhaps it will not worry us to be told that the pleasant cooling drinks we swallow, the candy, ice cream and even the butter we eat, receive their beautiful, appetizing tints from coal tar colors.

Newfoundland is going to have a nice little four hundredth anniversary all to itself this year. It was June 24, 1497, that John Cabot discovered the little kingdom of fog and fish

Costa Rica and Guatemala, the two countries yet remaining outside the Central American union, are the richest and most progressive of the states of the isthmus.

Brazilian Balm

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALSAM!

...CURES...

Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grippe

LIKE MAGIC.

RADICALLY CURES

CATARRH!

It clears the head of foul mucous, heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and dropping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes

HAY FEVER,

making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the grippe germ and quickly removes all the after bad effect.

INFALLIBLE in ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID and SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is Inflammation, Fever or Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stops EARACHE in 2 minutes. Stops ringing in the head and relieves deafness. As an injection invaluable in female troubles. For outward use heals Cuts, Sores and Burns like magic. Prevents lock-jaw from wounds. QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION AND PILES.

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence.

50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.

$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50c. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 20 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science"—*Gen. J Parke Postles.* "In croup, cold and the worst form of gripp we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable."—*Jno W. S. Boothe, D. D, Pastor Del. Ave. Bap Ch.* "Mrs. Lore has used the Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good"—*Hon. Chas. B Lore, Chief Jus. of Del.* "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—*Thos. M. Culbert* "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing"—*Mrs John Scotten, Chester, Pa.* "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—*Judge Edward Woolten.* "I was worn almost to the grave with a racking cough that all the remedies and the doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm It shall be my doctor through life"—*Mrs J. Galloway, Pottstown, Pa.* "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten 50 cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty"—*Anson Burrell, aged 84.* A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.

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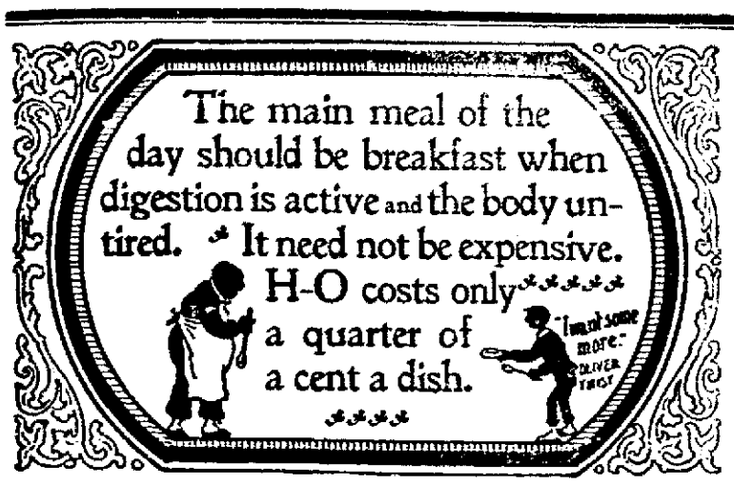

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COLUMBIA SHOE STORE.

P. Cox Rochester Misses' $2.00 Shoes, for $1 50.
P. Cox Rochester Child's $1 50 Shoes, for $1 15.
Johnson's New England Misses' $1.50 Shoes, for $1 15
Johnson's New England Child's $1.25 Shoes, for 95 cents.
Ladies' Evening and Dress Sandals.
Our celebrated $3 00 Patent Leather Dress Oxfords, AAA to E, for $2.25.
Ladies' $2.00 Roman Sandals, for $1 50; in these we have ten different patterns, AAA to E.

One-Fourth Off on Any Shoe
In Our Store This Week.

Everything goes, Edwin C. Burts, James Banister, Hanan & Son Shoes.

Buy This Week and Save Dollars.

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FAUROT: OPERA: HOUSE!
ONE NIGHT!

Saturday Jan. 16th.

MINNIE MADDERN . . FISKE

And Company, presenting for the first time here her new play,

THE RIGHT TO HAPPINESS!

By Marguerite Merington.

. . DIRECTION OF A. M. PALMER. . .

Prices 25c 50c, 75c and $1. - - - Seats at Box Office.

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FOR SALE—An upright piano; best of condition; stool, cover and music. Call at 605 E. Market. 7-3.*

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WANTED—Chambermaid for Hotel Cambridge. Apply at once. Must be recommended 1t

WANTED—First-class female cook at first-class wages. Inquire at room 14, Holmes block.

FARM FOR RENT 200 acres one half mile south of Cairo; 175 acres cleared Good buildings—two dwellings, two barns Plenty of water Call or write W. J. FERGUSON, 138 east High street, Lima, O. 6-6t 5 2t

WANTED—Man to travel, look after and appoint agents Good route; salary and expenses; reference; cash to advance; steady position. If satisfactory; addressed envelope for reply Office No. 702 No. 356 Dearborn street, Chicago.

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LADY AGTS. We furnish everything you invest nothing. Work will ladies, pleasant and very profitable. Book Free, C. C. Shimer, Omaha, Neb.

The Union Meetings.

All indications point to the fact that Lima is in the initial stages of a genuine and wide-spread revival. The meetings are characterized by full houses, warm and incisive gospel messages, earnest and responsive listeners, and sincere inquirers. The afternoon meetings are preparing and developing christian workers who, in the name of the Master, are anxious to lead their neighbors into a better life.

The chairman of the executive committee, Rev. Swanson, is keeping a vigilant eye on the work, and by his catholic spirit, is endeavoring to make every detail subserve the one object of the meeting—the bringing of men to Christ. The wisdom of the committee is seen in its prompt changing of plans of conducting the services as new conditions arise and adapting them to the requirements of the meeting. Heretofore the afternoon meetings have been conducted by different pastors assigned to that work. But the committee has placed these meetings in charge of Rev. Thompson for the north side and Rev. Baumgardner for the south side. This seems the wise thing and will no doubt be justified by the results. Hours of meetings 2:30 and 7 p m. Come and bring someone with you. W

Kremis, Mercer County, Pa. We believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be the best remedy in use We use it in our own families, and it is a favorite among our customers. BECKER BROS & Co 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W Heister, 58 public square.

Live Man Wanted

To assist local druggists in working up trade on the three great family remedies:—Dr. Kay's Renovator, Dr Kay's Lung Balm and Kidneykura An exceptional chance for the right man. Address Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb.

Death by Electricity.

Scientists think that death by electricity or lightning is painless. They do not know that it is so, but infer that it is from these facts:

The nerves communicate the sensation of pain by their vibrations or movements, which are at the rate of 98 feet per second. Electricity moves in a copper wire at the rate of 288,000 miles per second. Hence it is probable that a strong current of electricity kills a man before his nerves can make him conscious of the shock.

Professor Tyndall, while lecturing at the Royal institution, London, accidentally touched with his shoulder the conductor leading from 15 Leyden jars, charged with electricity. He thus describes the effect on his body:

"I am extremely sensitive to electricity, yet a charge from such a powerful battery as 15 jars seemed to have no disastrous effect upon me. I stood perfectly still, wondering that I did not feel it, but I knew something had occurred.

"After standing for a moment or two I seemed to open my eyes, which probably were open all the time. I saw a confused mass of apparatus about me. I felt it necessary to reassure the people before me, so I said:

"'Over and over again I have wanted this battery to be discharged into me, and now I have had it.'

"Although I appeared unaffected, really the optic nerve in me was so affected that I saw my arm severed from my body. I soon, however, recovered proper sight and saw that I was all right."

The battery was not powerful enough to cause death, nor did it cloud Professor Tyndall's intellect, while distorting his vision, but he felt no pain, though the shock affected him, because the nervous agency, by which the consciousness of pain is excited, traveled like a tortoise, while the electric current ran like a hare.

Progress In Modern Athens.

The progress of the modern capital of Greece will not astonish American readers, but Athens in no way resembles New York or Chicago, nor is Greece America. Between the two countries there is no point of comparison whatsoever. The Americans, springing from and connected with a powerful European nation, began their career with all the advantages and few of the drawbacks of civilization. They had only to confront the physical obstacles to their possession of the extensive territories which attracted and rewarded their enlightened energy, and immigration accelerated the formation of a glorious commonwealth. The Greeks, emerging from ages of debasing serfdom, had no political or social or intellectual preparation for the work of regeneration. After having achieved by dint of desperate efforts the independence of a part only of their land and race they had to undergo a series of revolutions before settling down into an organized body politic. Moreover, the belief that the national unity is not yet complete has tended, and long may tend, to retard the work of internal development. Neither these considerations, nor the fact that the whole country was a scene of desolation at the close of the war of independence, must be lost sight of in forming a judgment as to the progress thus far effected.—D. Bikelas in Century.

A Dog Story.

Two dogs belonging to an Iowa man disappeared and remained absent for nine days. On the tenth day the man was surprised to see the dogs come staggering into the house, thin and haggard looking. Investigation revealed that a neighbor was out hunting, and on the banks of a creek his dogs began to whine at a hole in the ground, and nothing could make them move away from the spot. Satisfied that something was wrong, the man procured a spade and began digging, and the dogs assisted him. Fully six feet of earth was taken away, when he came upon the imprisoned dogs. It seems that they chased a rabbit into its burrow, and in digging after it they threw the dirt back, thus closing up the hole and preventing their own escape. There they had lain for nine days, and their survival is a wonderful proof of the tenacity of life in lower animals.—Exchange.

A Nice Regiment.

Soldiers belonging to line regiments are never tired of telling stories at the expense of the militia. Here is one:

While a certain militia regiment was encamped on a well known common a woman with her children came out there for an outing. During the time she was playing with the children a militiaman, passing, stole a loaf and ran off. The woman, observing him, commenced calling:

"Stop, thief!"

The colonel was close at hand, and, hearing the cry, rode up, asking the reason.

"That thief has stolen my loaf."

"Never mind," said the colonel, giving her a half a crown. "This will get another for you. But for goodness' sake don't call 'Stop, thief!' or I shan't have a man left in the regiment."—London Tit-Bits.

Latin and Italian.

Several hundred writers on the subject claim that the Italian, with such changes as naturally come about in the course of ages, has always been the language of the common people living in the boot shaped peninsula. These writers assert that Latin was the language of literature, the law and the educated classes, while Italian was spoken by the people.

From the time of Julius Cæsar to that of Constantine the Great the popular name for a Roman emperor was Cæsar. After the reign of Constantine the sobriquet in the eastern empire was Constantine.

The civil crown was a Roman honor given to the soldier who saved the life of a citizen by slaying an enemy.

GOODING'S

Winter Clearance

SHOE : : SALE!

....BEGINS....

TO-MORROW.

The mere announcement of this sale will be enough to attract crowds of Shoe buyers from near and far. The many shrewd people who have waited for our annual winter Clearance Sale will be rewarded beyond their fondest hopes. Our stock is larger, much larger, than it should be at this time. Price cutting is the only sure means we know of to reduce it. Improve the opportunity by coming early.

In Ladies' Shoes

We offer choice of any pair of Ladies' Patent Leather, Enamel, French Kid or Russia Calf, Turn, Welt or Cork Sole, hand sewed shoes that sold for $5.00, only $3.75.

The above offer includes all of Laird, Schober & Co.'s celebrated shoes.

1 Lot of Ladies' $3.50 Goodyear Welt shoes in lace and button. Clearance price $2 48.

500 pairs of Ladies' Dongola, Patent tip shoes, in lace and congress. Regular price $2.50, sale price only $1 75.

Our entire stock of Ladies' Kid and Satin slippers, all shades, sold everywhere for $2 00 to $3 00, Clearance price only 98c.

Felt slippers from 48c to 98c a pair.

Ladies' $1.50 Felt shoes go at 98c

In Men's Shoes

We offer your choice of any pair of Men's Patent Leather, English Enamel, Box Calf, Winter Tans, or Cordovans, all hand-sewed single, double or cork soles, shoes that sold for $5 00 and $6.00. Clearance price only $3 75.

1 Lot of Men's $5.00 hand sewed cork sole shoes, calf stock. Clearance price $3 48.

Our entire line of Men's $4 00 Box Calf, Enamel, and Calf shoes, sold everywhere for more money. Our clearance price only $2 98.

1 Lot of Men's Patent Leather shoes, broken sizes, shoes that sold for $4 00 and $5.00. Clearance price only $1.98.

1 Lot of Men's $2.00 shoes now $1.48.

Men's Shoes worth $1.25 now 95c.

Boys' and Girls' Shoes.

Your choice of our entire line of Boys' and Girls' Shoes. The $2.50 kind, Clearance price only $1.85.

1 Lot of Boys' and Youths' shoes. Regular price $1.50. Clearance price only 98c.

500 pairs of Ladies' Overgaiters, regular price 75c, Clearance price only 33c.

850 pairs of Ladies' fine Lamb's wool soles for slippers, assorted colors sizes 3 to 7, former price 25c, Clearance price 8c.

Children's shoes, 1000 pairs, worth $1.00, Clearance price only 73c.

1 Lot of Children's Shoes, worth 75c, will all go at 50c.

Men's Rubbers.

1 Lot of Men's First Quality Rubbers, worth 75c, Clearance price only 35c.

EVERY SHOE A BARGAIN

....AT....

GOODING'S WINTER SHOE SALE

230 NORTH MAIN STREET.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

A 50 CENT

Bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of humor cures, is often sufficient to complete a permanent cure of the most torturing and disfiguring of skin, scalp, and blood humors.

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD HUMORS. — Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of humor cures.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, 50c. and $1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Humor," mailed free.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY.
CH&D
CINCINNATI
INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

Excursions via C., H. & D. R. R. Co.

In Palace Sleeping Cars From Lake Michigan to the Potomac.

A new line of Pullman Sleepers between Chicago, Washington, D. C., and Baltimore via the "Queen City."

Commencing January 24th, the C., H. & D. Ry. and Monon Route, in connection with the B. & O. and B. & O. S. W. railways, will operate a line of Pullman sleepers between Chicago and Baltimore, via Cincinnati and Washington City. The schedule will be as follows:

Leave Chicago	2:45 a m
" Indianapolis	7:55 a m
" Cincinnati	12:05 m
Arrive Washington	6:47 a m
" Baltimore	7:55 a m
Returning, the sleeper will	
Leave Baltimore	11:00 a m
" Washington, D. C.	12:10 m
" Cincinnati	3:30 a m
" Indianapolis	7:00 a m
Arrive Chicago	12:00 m

The sleepers are of the latest Pullman pattern, equal to any running on any line.

Keep These Dates in Your Mind.

December 22, January 5 19, February 3 16, April 6 20, May 4 18—On these dates agents of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway will sell settlers' tickets to points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Florida, Mississippi, Virginia and Louisiana, one way, at special low rates. Persons intending to go south this winter or spring will do well to call on any agent of the C, H & D Ry, who will not only furnish them with information as to the rates, but will also obtain literature descriptive of the portion of the country to which they are looking. Agents will cheerfully assist anyone in obtaining information who will ask for it.

Sunday, December 20th the C., H. & D. and Wabash inaugurated a line of Pullman and Wagner reclining chair cars and sleeping cars between Cincinnati and Hannibal, Mo. This line will be made up of the C., H. & D. R'y to Indianapolis, I. D. & W. R'y to Decatur and the Wabash Decatur to Hannibal. The equipment is new, having been built especially for this line. The name of the Pullman car is "Helena," the Wagner being named "Baltimore." These cars will leave Cincinnati every evening at 7:15 arriving Indianapolis, 10:30 p.m., Decatur, 4:05 a. m., Springfield, 7:05 a. m., Jacksonville, 8:25 a. m., and Hannibal, 11:40 a. m. Returning the car will leave Hannibal, 4 30 p m., Jacksonville, 7.25 p m., Springfield, 8:40 p. m., Decatur, 10:30 p. m., Indianapolis 2:30 p. m., arrive Cincinnati, 7.30 a m. These cars are models of beauty and contain every device for the safety and convenience of the traveling public being furnished with a large and commodious smoking room, and toilet rooms upholstered in brown frieze plush, with draperies to match. The cars are mounted on six-wheel standard trucks, gas lighted and steam heated. The Pullman and Wagner cars will alternate in the run.

Homeseekers' Excursion

to almost all States via the C, H & D Ry. On Nov 3d, 16th, 17th and 30th, Dec 1st, 14th and 15th, Jan 4th, 5th, 18th and 19th, Feb 1st, 2nd, 15th and 16th, to points west of the Mississippi River; and Nov 3d 16th, 17th and 30th, Dec 1st, 14th and 15th Jan 4th, 5th 18th and 19th, Feb 1st 2nd, 15th and 16th, south of the Ohio River, at one fare for the round trip, plus $2.00.

Settlers' One Way to the South

On the first and third Tuesday each month a very low rate via C, H & D Ry.

Hunters' Rates.

The C, H. & D Ry will sell hunters' tickets at very low rates to the North and West.

Niagara Falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates.

Sunday rate on the C., H. & D. R. R. will be one fare for the round trip to all points.

H. J. MCGUIRE, Ticket Agent.

Banana Leaves.

Banana leaves serve many useful purposes, for of them are made tough paper from the thinnest tissue to thickest cardboard, clothing, hats and brushes, mats and hammocks. Millions of pounds of banana fiber, misnamed manilla "hemp," are each year brought to the United States or taken to Europe and spun into cordage from the fineness of silk up through the size of twine to the bigness of mammoth cables, and many dainty handkerchiefs and bits of fine lace have been woven from the fibers of banana leaves by the deft fingers of the women of South America and of the far east.—New York Journal.

The house of Bourbon furnished kings to France, Spain and Naples and sovereign dukes to Parma. At one time it was said that the humblest member of this royal family was more influential than a prince of any other.

The china aster is set down in floral dictionaries as indicative of remembrance. It is said that the same significance is attached to it by the Chinese.

The mosquito's eggs are, it is said, hatched in from four to seven days, according to the warmth of the weather.

The Prussian crown is very plain, the royal house of Prussia having been celebrated for its economy.

A legal bushel of dried apples is, according to locality, from 22 to 28 pounds.

BARMAIDS IN LONDON

SOME VERY RESPECTABLE GIRLS CHOOSE THIS VOCATION.

One of Them, a Beautiful Irish Lass, Explains Why Many of Them Do So—They Are Looking For Good Matrimonial Catches—Titles Wanted Usually.

Under the title "Feminine Types In London" Jesse Francis Sheppard gives in Le Nouvelle Revue an account of the London barmaids.

"They are recruited," he says, "among the bourgeoise as well as among the lower classes. Some of the most interesting types can be found in the bars or public houses of the west end, close to the fashionable theaters. Among them are very many perfectly respectable girls, who have chosen the career of a barmaid in order to make a living and, especially if they are pretty, to get a chance to catch a rich husband.

"A public house, situated at the angle of one of the principal thoroughfares, is both a gilded palace and a mine of gold. It exercises a strange fascination upon the poor country bumpkins who have just enough to pay for a drink, but the dude coming out of a theater, the country greenhorn, the fashionable snob and the frequenter of the music halls are always to be found there. It is among these that the barmaids hunt for a husband. If there is one class of London society more stupid than another, it is that one which includes the frequenters of the public houses. With a pipe in his mouth and a glass of beer or whisky in front of him the young Englishman, dressed in fashionable style, with a slight and elegant figure and regular features, remains standing for more than an hour paying pretty little compliments to one or several of these ladies.

"The barmaid judges her customers by the cut of their clothes. If you want to attract her attention, you must present yourself with a silk hat and a handsome cane in your hand and a suit cut in the latest fashion. The high hat is de rigueur. Without that there is no possible chance of success.

"It was not without difficulty that I managed to get an interview with one of these young ladies, whose intelligence was equal to her beauty. At first I was astonished at finding so much intelligence in an English girl, but I learned that she was Irish, and that explained the mystery. Her father was dead and her mother was left without resources. So she was determined to come to London and look for a husband by posing behind a bar in Piccadilly.

"'I was hardly more than three days here,' she said with an amiable and roguish air, 'when I understood why it was that so many pretty English girls don't get husbands. When they are beautiful, they are generally stupid. When they are intelligent, they are cold, masculine and ugly. Englishmen travel a great deal and meet in their ramblings through the world very many sprightly women, and they do not care for pretty girls who don't know how to chat with them.'

"'But in this mixture that comes here to drink and chat,' I said, 'how do you distinguish the men of the world from the others?'

"'I recognize them by three things,' she said boldly, 'by their figure, by their clothes and by their complexion. For the most part they are tall and thin, dressed in the latest fashion and have a complexion more or less bronzed. This last trait is the surest sign.' Seeing that I looked astonished, she added: 'Nothing can be more simple. An English gentleman, if he has a fortune, passes three-fourths of his time hunting and in other open air exercise. The chaps who remain always in London have a paler and more delicate complexion, and, moreover, the expression of their faces is quite different from that of the others.'

"Noticing with what attention I was listening to her, she continued: 'The gentlemen that I refer to have nothing elegant about them except their clothes, for their conversation lacks novelty. How can a man who understands nothing but hunting and cricket interest an intelligent woman? The conversation that goes on here in the name of wit makes me tired, but these gentlemen are the easiest of all to deceive. They are great big children in everything except sport and politics.'

"'But you are always engaged,' I said, 'and it is difficult to get an opportunity to chat with you. You must already have had several offers of marriage?'

"'I have been only one month here, and I have already had three. Two were from very rich sportsmen, but riches alone won't do for me. What I am after,' she added, laughing, 'is a title. You know, I must have a title.'

"At this moment the play in one of the neighboring theaters was over, and the public house was invaded by a crowd of men, more or less stylish. The beautiful Irish girl kept herself somewhat aloof and only served customers that had the appearance of gentlemen.

"Well, I left London. A few months afterward, on returning there, I wanted to see once more my beautiful Irish barmaid. She was gone. Another lady was in her place, and she told me that Miss Clara had left to marry the second son of a prominent nobleman."

Addition to Yellowstone Park.

Captain Anderson, superintendent of the Yellowstone National park, says that an effort is being made to secure legislation from congress which would add the Jackson's Hole country to the park. The area which it was proposed to take in is about 50 miles square and contains Jackson's lake and the Three Teton mountain peaks. It is rich in natural scenery and would, in the opinion of the captain, add materially to the park's attractiveness. Senator Carter of Montana has drafted a bill for that purpose, which has the indorsement of the senators from Montana and Idaho, but the Wyoming senators have not yet been won over.—Omaha Bee.

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE.

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is guaranteed to cure acute or muscular rheumatism in from one to five days. Sharp, shooting pains in any part of the body stopped by a few doses. A prompt, complete and permanent cure for lameness, soreness, stiff back, and all pains in hips and loins. Chronic rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, or pain in the back are speedily cured. It seldom fails to give relief from one or two doses, and almost invariably cures before one bottle has been used. Price, 25c.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25c a vial.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

ON THE BALCONY.

The twilight fell in ashen gray.
O'er Capri shyly peeped the moon.
The lights were winking on the bay.
A bagpipe droned a drowsy tune.
Anon a tinkling tambourine
Echoed a minute serenade.
I watched my lady idly lean
Her arm upon the balustrade.

The orange blooms their fragrance shed,
With odors of acacias blent.
Vesuvius reared his sullen head.
Where moonlight sweet enchantment lent.
Below we heard the pattering feet
Grow fainter where the midnight calms
Old Naple's din. Our pulses beat.
My love had clasped me in her arms.
—Harold von Santvoord in Penny Magazine

Souvenirs of Shakespeare.

A collection of Shakespeare relics is now in the possession of Thomas Hornby of Kingsthorpe, by Northampton, says the London Sketch. They were preserved in the house in which Shakespeare was born, which was owned by the descendants of his sister Joan. In 1793 John Hart, sixth in descent from Joan, lost his only child. He then suggested to a kinsman, Thomas Hornby, to rent the house and take over the relics at a valuation. This was done, and Hornby's widow resided in the house until 1820, when she left it in consequence of the then owner increasing her rent. She then moved these relics into a house opposite, where she exhibited them for several years.

Their present owner recently inherited them. They comprise some fine old oak furniture, a lantern, a saw, a quaint deed box and several pictures. A square portrait, quite pretty, is said to represent Shakespeare's sister Judith. An oval portrait is described as that of his daughter Susannah, who married Dr. Hall, but it is more probably that of their daughter Elizabeth, who married Sir John Barnard. We are not in possession of the evidence which connects these articles with the poet, but they are all of Shakespeare's period, or earlier, and it is certain that they were in the birthhouse for many years before the end of the last century.

Moltke and the English Church.

Moltke's wife was of English origin, but in his criticisms on England Mme. Moltke's descent made no difference to the general. When he had to be mounted for some review and the Duke of Wellington provided him with a horse, he wrote to his wife: "The Lord in his wrath made the Duke of Wellington master of the horse. He understands nothing about horses; so he provided me with an animal that had run at the last races. I never rode a more uncomfortable one." In Moltke's letters to his wife and other relatives this description of the service in an English church is described:

"The prayers last for about an hour, in the course of which clergyman and congregation alternately speak. The consequence is that one passes about half the time upon one's knees, which seems an easy task, seeing that one is provided with a good velvet cushion and an easy chair at one's back, but in other respects it is really a chastisement. After these the chapter of the Old Testament was read which describes how Gideon slays the five Amorite kings, puts them in a cave and hangs them on trees, and how many towns he had destroyed, killing the inhabitants to a man, and other certainly not very edifying things of the same character. The sermon comes last of all, quite as an accessory—a rhetorical exercise."

Cardinal Hohenlohe.

Speaking of the late Cardinal Hohenlohe, a Rome correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says: "Popular rumor attributed to the cardinal the quality of eccentricity. There appeared to be a justification for this opinion. For over 40 years he was a habitual frequenter of the sulphur baths of the Acque Albule, between Rome and Tivoli. His food was cooked in these strong smelling waters. He so loved them that he bathed in them even to the last. His love of art made him the friend of artists, and an American sculptor, M. Ezekiel, may be said to have been one of his greatest friends. All this, so marked in his case, led people to think of him as eccentric."

There are 1,867 miles between the City of Mexico and the city of Washington.

WATCH FACES.

A Bet Which Showed That They Are Not All Made Alike.

Several men were smoking and talking in the office of a hotel in one of the larger towns of West Virginia when a stranger said:

"I'll bet $10 with any man here that he can't put down on a piece of paper the hours as they appear on the face of my watch."

At this announcement the face of one of the natives lighted up with pleasurable anticipation of winning the money, but he hadn't enough cash about him to cover the stranger's money, so he took a friend off in a corner and said:

"Rube, this is a snap. That stranger thinks the watch face sell hasn't come this far yet, but I read all about it in the paper week before last. Didn't you?"

"No, I didn't, Jim," replied Rube. "What is there in it?"

"It's just this: Most people, when they are asked to put down the hours on a piece of paper, will write the letters all correct till they get to 4 o'clock, and then they'll put down IV; but all watches have four I's instead. Then when they get to 6 they'll put down VI, when the fact is there is no figure there at all on the watch face, because the space is taken up with the second hand."

"Is that so?" asked Rube.

"Yes."

"Then why don't you bet with him and win his money?"

"I've only $5. You put up $5, and we'll make it $10 and walk off with his cash."

"Here's your $5," replied Rube, producing a bank note.

Then Jim went over to the crowd, where the stranger was still trying to get a taker for his wager, and announced that he had the money to bet.

The stranger produced a $10 note, and that, with the capital of the two friends, was placed in the hands of the clerk.

"Now write out the hours," said the stranger.

Jim took a pencil and made a circle as well as he could. It had a few contusions in its circumference, but that didn't matter.

As Jim made his Roman numerals every eye watched him with interest, and as he put down the four I's he remarked:

"Stranger, you had an idea that we didn't know about this trick here, but you see we do." Then he went on, carefully omitting the VI for 6 and explaining verbally why this number did not appear on the watch face. As he finished the XII he exclaimed, with a satisfied air:

"There you are. I guess you'll find that right."

"That is the way the hours are put on my watch face, is it?" asked the stranger.

"Yes, that is the way the hours are put on all watch faces," replied Jim. "Let's see your watch."

The watch was produced, and instead of the hours being printed in Roman notation there they were in Arabic numerals.

"Well, I'll swow!" gasped Jim.

The stranger put the money in his pocket without saying a word.—Detroit Free Press.

His Fortune.

A man who was walking around in the waiting room of a railroad station waiting for the opening of the doors saw over a rather elaborate weighing machine a sign which read, "It gives you music, tells your fortune and prints your weight all for 5 cents." The man stepped upon the platform, and following the directions contained in another sign attached to the machine dropped a nickel into the slot.

Instantly the band began to play, but the man found afterward that he could not recall the tune. In fact, he had never known what tune it played, he had been so interested in his weight and his fortune. Presently the music ceased, and out from a little spout into a little receptacle on the outside of the machine where it could be reached popped a little card properly dated. Upon one side of the card the man read, "Preserve for future reference; 161 pounds." And upon the other side he read his fortune:

Your friends are legion,
Your enemies few,
But beware of the one
Whose acquaintance is new.

—New York Sun.

How They Dance In Hungary.

With the exception of the Spaniards there is no nation in Europe who dance like the Hungarians. They love it with a love that amounts to a passion. They not only go in for it heart and soul, but they will dance on anything, in any sort of weather—a paddock, a village street, a stable yard, the earthen floor of a wayside csarda—it is all the same to them. Not the scorching sun, or the whirling dust, or the pelting rain, or the falling snow will deter them. They all dance beautifully too. It seems to be in their blood, just as thieving and fiddling are in the gypsy veins.—H. Ellen Browning in "Wanderings In Hungary."

Old age

comes early to the clothes that are dragged up and down over the washboard. It's ruinous. Nothing else uses them up so thoroughly and so quickly.

This wear and tear, that tells so on your pocket, ought to be stopped. Get some Pearline—use it just as directed—no soap with it—and see how much longer the clothes last, and how much easier and quicker the work is. Pearline saves the rubbing.

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.* 613 JAMES PYLE, New York.

The Cyclist's Necessity.

POND'S

WILL CURE CUTS, BURNS, BRUISES, WOUNDS, SPRAINS, SUNBURN, CHAFINGS, INSECT BITES, ALL PAIN, AND INFLAMMATIONS

USED INTERNALLY AND EXTERNALLY.

GENUINE IN OUR BOTTLES ONLY, BUFF WRAPPERS. SEE OUR NAME, POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK, 76 FIFTH AVENUE.

EXTRACT

USE POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT FOR PILES.

Sent by mail on receipt of 50 cts.

Wrisley's "Old Country" Soap

BOTH QUANTITY AND QUALITY.
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

Uses of Aluminium.

It is claimed that aluminium plates are destined to become the universal material for lithographic printing, which means a revolution in the lithographic art. Of all the metals that have been tried besides aluminium, says The Aluminum World, to replace the cumbersome lithographic stone, zinc is the only metal which has given any satisfaction, but it was found that zinc could not be depended upon. To insure good work the zinc plates must be absolutely pure, and even then many colors cannot be printed from zinc with safety. Aluminium has been proved to be as good as stone. The metal approaches the physical properties of lithographic stone from its ability to absorb fats or slimy substances.

Racing skates are now made of aluminium, affording at the same time exceptional strength and lightness, a pair weighing only 24 ounces.

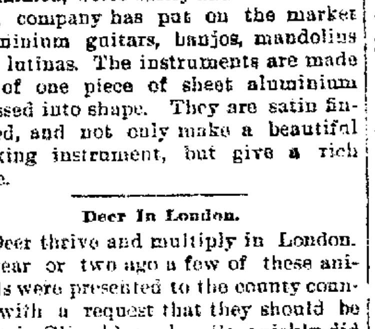
Aluminium articles for the toilet are now made in great variety, among other things combs, razor handles and hairpins.

Pens made of an aluminium alloy, it is claimed, write easily and do not rust.

A company has put on the market aluminium guitars, banjos, mandolins and lutinas. The instruments are made out of one piece of sheet aluminium pressed into shape. They are satin finished, and not only make a beautiful looking instrument, but give a rich tone.

Deer In London.

Deer thrive and multiply in London. A year or two ago a few of these animals were presented to the county council with a request that they should be kept in Clissold park. So quickly did the deer multiply that it was presently found possible to transfer a number of them to Victoria park, and further thinning out has been found necessary.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution
the fraud of the day.
See you get Carter's,
Ask for Carter's,
Insist and demand
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

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And Use the

KELLY SHOWER BATH RING AND Hot Water Proof Hose.

Prevents Wetting the Head and Floor.

$2 EXPRESS AD. 25c.

Agents wanted in every city who can purchase doz. lots or more. Send for catalogue. Frost Proof Water Closets, Self Acting Water Closets, Kelley Stop and Water Cock

THOS. KELLY & BROS.,
209 Madison Street, Chicago.

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MONEY TO LOAN.

Regardless of the hard times and the stringency in the money market everywhere. I am in a position to get all the money needed to supply good applications for loans.

I can get you a loan at less rate of interest, and on better terms, than you can get elsewhere. When you want a loan be sure and give me a call and get my terms.

T. K. WILKINS, 9-10 Opera Block.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have money to loan at 5 to 7 per cent in sums of

$1,000 and Upward,

upon improved city and farm property. Loans made promptly. When in need of loan give us a call.

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3 tf Room 8 Holmes block, Lima, O.
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East Side Public Square. First-class Barbershop. Ladies' and Children's Haircutting done to order. Special room for ladies' hairdressing

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You've Been Robbed

of strength, vitality and energy. Your dearest wish is to recover these powers.

Sex-ine Pills

will do the work. They feed the brain and nerves—send rich life blood bounding thro' your veins—strengthen and nourish the entire body. *They check all drains forever.*

$1.00 Per Box, 6 Boxes, $5.00.

A legal guarantee to cure or refund the money with every $5 order. Address Peal Medicine Co., Cleveland, O.

Wm. Melville, Old Postoffice, Corner, Lima, O.

WOMANHOOD In order to teach suffering women how to guard against dangerous surgical operations and quack treatment the American Association of Physicians passed a resolution to distribute a little book on female diseases. "Womanhood" explains all diseases and irregularities peculiar to women and gives the best methods of home treatment. Sent free for stamp to pay postage.

Address, ELEANOR KENDALL,
616 North 25th St., South Omaha, Neb.

The Rosy Freshness

And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

Every woman needs Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

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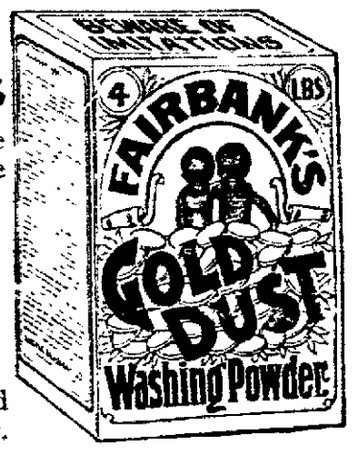
It cleans everything and cleans it quickly and cheaply.



Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

THE CHECK SYSTEM.

An English Visitor Tells the People About the American Way.

The American constitution has been called a system of checks. So in American life. When you want to travel, you give your baggage to the porter of your hotel, and he gives you a check in return. At the station you reclaim it with the check and pass it in at a counter and receive another check. As you approach your destination another functionary comes along the train, takes your check and gives you another check in its place. He fishes out your baggage and conveys it to your hotel—for a consideration. You have left your third and last check at the office of the hotel when you enter it, and thence it is delivered up on receipt of the baggage.

At first you bless this arrangement as the salvation of the traveler. After a few weeks of it the tyranny of the check becomes so galling that you begin to long for the fine old English method of dumping down your goods in front of a porter and leaving them to find the way themselves. You would even hail it as a personal triumph if some of your baggage would get lost. But it never does. Sometimes it arrives late, but it always arrives.

Yet it seldom arrives in the shape in which it started, if that is any consolation. They who have to do with baggage see to that. You very soon discover why Americans carry their goods in ironclad trunks, and why it is madness for anybody to do anything else. I started out, like an idiot, with a new leather portmanteau. They ripped the stout brass lock off the first week—not for plunder, apparently, but simply because it is the tradition of the service. They punched it and kicked and danced on it. In softer hours, when literary inspiration came, they wrote on it. My portmanteau today is an epitome of the political sentiment of the United States from New York to San Francisco. As a historical document it is beyond price, and I am contemplating the gift of it to the library of congress at Washington. As a portmanteau it has both feet in the grave.

The system of checks is not confined to travelers' luggage. The conductor of the train passes carelessly to and fro asking for your ticket and giving you a check in return, or asking for your check and returning your ticket. If you hand your stick to a boy in a hotel while you write your name in the register, he disappears off to stow it away in some secret place and returns triumphant with a check. In the very hotel bar, when you buy sixpence ha'porth of whisky you get a check and walk two yards across the bar to pay at a desk.

But the apotheosis of the check is at Niagara. When you go down to the Cave of the Winds, you strip off all your clothes and leave them, as well as your valuables, in a tin box with the attendant. Then you go down to battle with the cataract attired only in a suit of pyjamas, a suit of oilskins and a check lashed around your neck and rising and falling with the beating of your heart. No wonder the American speaks of death as "handing in his checks." It is only by death that he can rid himself of them.—London Mail.

Pitch Pine.

A cord of pitch pine under distillation gives the following substances: Charcoal, 50 bushels; illuminating gas, about 1,000 cubic feet; illuminating oil and tar, 50 gallons; pitch or rosin, 1½ barrels; pyroligneous acid, 100 gallons; spirits of turpentine, 20 gallons; tar, 1 barrel; wood spirits, 5 gallons.

The Force of Habit.

On the day before the execution; the keeper informs the doomed man that a visitor wishes to see him.

"Do you know who he is?" asks the doomed man.

"No."

"Well, just ask him if he wants to collect a bill, and if he does tell him to call tomorrow."—Strand Magazine.

Baby Screamed One Hour. One Dose Brought Smiles.

MASSILLON, O., Nov. 6, '95.—Hand Medicine Co.,—I cheerfully bear witness as to the virtues of Dr. Hands' Colic Cure. Our baby, now nearly four months old, suffered much from colic. After having screamed with pain for over an hour we came upon Dr. Hand's Colic Cure and gave her a dose of it. In five minutes after taking she is all smiles, and at night we all sleep. Mrs. F. L. Traphagen, 46 W. Charles St." All druggists, 25c.

The fat undertaker,
Who plants by the acre,
Poor victims of cough and cold,
Is sighing and crying,
For we've all stopped dying
Since Brazilian Balm was sold.
And for those who desire
Not just yet to go higher
It is worth its weight in gold.

ONE OF NELSON'S CAPTAINS.

A New Yorker Commanded a British ship In the Battle of the Nile.

The fifth ship was the Theseus, Captain Ralph Willet Miller. This gentleman, whom after his premature death Nelson styled "the only truly virtuous man I ever knew," was by birth a New Yorker, whose family had been loyalists during the American Revolution. A letter from him to his wife gives an account of the fight which is at once among the most vivid and from the professional standpoint the most satisfactory of those which have been transmitted to us. Of the Theseus' entrance into the battle he says:

"In running along the enemy's line in the wake of the Zealous and Goliath, I observed their shot sweep just over us. And knowing well that at such a moment Frenchmen would not have coolness enough to change their elevation, I closed them suddenly, and, running under the arch of their shot, reserved my fire, every gun being loaded with two and some with three round shot, until I had the Guerrier's masts in a line and her jibboom about six feet clear of our rigging. We then opened with such effect that a second breath could not be drawn before her main and mizzen masts were also gone. This was precisely at sunset, or 44 minutes past 6. Then passing between her and the Zealous and as close as possible round the off side of the Goliath, we anchored by the stern exactly in a line with her and abreast the Spartiate. We had not been many minutes in action with the Spartiate when we observed one of our ships (and soon after knew her to be the Vanguard, place herself so directly opposite to us on the outside of her that I desisted firing on her, that I might not do mischief to our friends, and directed every gun before the mainmast on the Aquilon (fourth French) and all abaft it on the Conqueror, giving up my proper lord to the admiral."—"Nelson In the Battle of the Nile," by Captain Mahan, in Century.

THE CRANE DANCE.

Where the Soubrettes Got Their Idea For a Specialty.

There is a dance called the crane dance, which is popular at the vaudeville houses. At Lincoln park there is a real crane which does a crane dance, and those who have seen its salutatorial feats say the bird does it much better than do the featherless, two legged animals.

No purely imitative dancing could fail to gain by being an exact copy of the performance of the long necked, spindle legged sandhill crane. Its steps are not only antique, but they are of a kind to make the gravest onlooker lose his dignity and laugh like a delighted boy at the circus. This Lincoln park bird at the outset of his dance is the personification of dignity. When in the days of his freedom he tripped it on his native sand hills for the sole benefit of his mate, he did so only in the springtime, but now, in his lowly captive state, he dances in and out of season if the keeper who feeds him will but wave his arms and take an awkward step or two to give him encouragement.

The crane begins its dance by shoving one long leg, with its claw attachment, straight out in front of his body. Then he lowers it and draws it back slowly until it is within an inch or two of the ground. Then there is a lightninglike double shuffle, and the other leg is pointed to the front. Then the dance begins in earnest. The wings are stretched and beat the air in perfect time to the movement of the feet, be they going fast or slow. There is the semblance of a clog; then the sinuous foot and body movement of the nautch girl, and in a moment the whirl of the dancing dervish, to be succeeded as a finale by a sort of wild "all hands round," in which every feather of the bird is alive, as it enters into the joy of the dance with an utter abandon. The act of stopping is like the "halt" of the German soldier—sudden, stiff and instant. Then the crane marches away to a corner with a still stately tread, but with an eye which appears to reveal embarrassment.—Chicago Times-Herald.

English Administration of Jamaica.

The English administration of Jamaica is a thing to be thankful for. There are law and order, excellent roads, comfortable houses, adequate police, lawn tennis and cricket, plenty of manly, companionable English army and navy officers and a governor who is strong, able and genial. At the same time it would be folly to maintain that the island is producing a tenth part of the wealth that is latent in soil and atmosphere, or that most of the wealth that is beginning to make its appearance is due to anything so much as to the American enterprise and capital which are opening up railways and cultivating fruits. Another serious fact, though not necessarily an unwelcome one, is that the island's 4,000 square miles contain a population of 600,000 persons, 25,000 of whom are white.—Julian Hawthorne in Century.

SIBERIAN TCHUKTCHI.

A Warlike Tribe Who Snap Their Fingers at the Czar's Tax Officials.

I find that the passage of Bering strait over the ice is impossible. The strait, six miles wide at the narrowest part, is never completely frozen over, and any one attempting a crossing would inevitably perish in the continually moving pack. This being the main object of my voyage, I have abandoned the overland journey to Europe, but landed here five weeks ago and have since lived alone with people almost as wild and unknown as the reindeer races of central Africa.

This place may fitly be described as "the end of the end" of the world. One thousand miles north of Kamchatka and within a day's journey of the polar sea, Oumwaidjik stands on a narrow shingle reef fully exposed in summer to the huge breakers of Bering sea, but protected in winter by precipitous mountains from the furious gales and snowstorms of arctic Siberia. One wonders how human beings can exist in this gloomy region, devoid of fuel and the barest necessaries of life. For eight months of the year the place is ice locked, but even during the brief summer a sail so rarely breaks the horizon that I saw the vessel that had brought me disappear with some misgivings as to when I should see another.

The Siberian shores of Bering strait are peopled by a fierce, warlike tribe known as the Tchuktchis, who number about 5,000, and who, never having been thoroughly conquered by the Russians, refuse to pay taxes of any kind. Other Siberian natives bring in a yearly tribute of furs and ivory, but the Tchuktchi, secure in his mountain fastnesses, a month's journey north of the northernmost Russian settlement, snaps his fingers at the czar's officials. Nor do the latter, for obvious reasons, often pay him a visit.

I landed at Oumwaidjik, a village of about 300 souls, early in September, but the snowy landscape and intense cold were more suggestive of midwinter than early autumn. A crowd of natives on the beach seized my things, placed them on a dog sled and led me to a hut set apart for my use. The Tchuktchi dwelling is of walrus hide stretched tightly over a whale rib framework. The perpetual darkness inside is dimly lit by a saucer of seal oil, which diffuses a disgusting odor and serves as lamp and cooking stove. I then discussed a meal of cooked seal meat, with a few morsels of raw whale flesh—not unpalatable—as a hors d'œuvre, closely watched the while by a score of natives, who crowded the tiny tent to suffocation. The Tchuktchis are noted throughout Siberia as being the filthiest race in creation, and I can honestly indorse the statement. I cannot describe even the least repulsive phases of their daily life. They are, however, of finer physique than the Alaskan Eskimo, while their women are in some cases distinctly prepossessing. All are clad throughout the year in reindeer skins, the women being distinguished by a kind of bloomer costume trimmed with wolverene. Strings of gaudy beads adorn both sexes.

My presence at first aroused suspicion, but by joining the men in walrus hunting expeditions, visiting the women in their huts and learning a smattering of the language I have gradually gained information concerning the region and customs of this strange tribe hitherto unknown even to the Russians.—Pall Mall Gazette.

A Novel Clock.

A French gardener recently hit upon a novel idea in the way of clocks. He drew a large circle of about ten yards in diameter on a lawn and divided it like the dial of a clock into the 12 hours. The circle was laid out with plants of ornamental leaves in different shades of color, while the figures denoting the hour were formed of white, light blue and bright yellow flowers, which showed up plainly upon the dark groundwork. In the center of the circle a hole was made in the ground to inclose a clockwork movement of large dimensions worked by a reservoir of water maintained at a constant level. Two large hands covered with pretty flowers were set in motion by the central mechanism, and at the hours and half hours the ears were charmed by the sound of chimes.—New York Times.

Poor Policy.

"Fine piece of work," said the visitor.

"S-sh!" said the proprietor.

"What's the matter?" inquired the visitor. "I was simply complimenting the work."

"That's the trouble. The workman was in hearing, and he'll be after more money."—Chicago Post.

Meaning of "Comet."

The word "comet" is derived from the Greek, meaning hair, and has reference to the tail resembling flowing hair.—Philadelphia Record.

ONE GREAT DISCOVERY

Follows another. Read and keep posted.

The advance in medical science is greater than in any other branch. The discovery of the X rays and the finding of malaria in the blood by analysis are the most recent discoveries, but not the greatest by any means. The discovery of a remedy or medicine that will instantly bring relief to almost any form of disease we think is beyond conception. A remedy that does not require hours and hours of patience and pain before relief comes has been discovered. Pooh! you say. Would you have believed a few years ago that the telephone is such a great invention as it is? Just so it is with the great discovery of Lightning Hot Drops, a remedy that stands to-day without an equal, without a parallel for the cure of all stomach and bowel troubles, caused by over-eating, indigestion, dyspepsia. Relief comes so quickly you will be astonished, and the fact that it leaves no bad results is the beauty of it. The action of Lightning Hot Drops is marvelous, yet harmless, and you will be surprised to know how many different kinds of ailments you will find it good for, and if you once use it you will have no occasion to keep a cupboard full of different kinds of bottles, for Lightning Hot Drops will do the work of plasters, pills, ointments, tonics, etc., and save you lots of money, for it costs only 25c, and the 50c size holds 2½ times as much as the 25c size, and it is sold with the positive understanding that if it gives no relief your druggist will give your money back. Made by Herb Medicine Co. only, Springfield, O.

A Frontier Judge.

"One of the best 'classics' I ever knew, James Reilly, was through many years dependent on his muscles, not his brains," writes the author of "Here and There Memories." When he graduated from Dublin university, he found himself a pauper, his guardian having robbed him. He went to to the United States and served as trapper, navvy, farmhand and frontier judge.

He could break a leg, make a piano, set a limb, grind an ax, splice a rope, mend shoes, plait a sieve, quote from the Greek poets, classify a bug, explain the binomial theorem or fix the relation of two fossil fragments. His most cherished accomplishment was being able to lift a blacksmith's anvil by his little finger hooked in the "eye" of the iron, his proudest recollection that he had been an effective judge. Of his judgeship he told this story:

"I had just been elected judge there. A fellow, up for horse stealing, consented to be tried by six jurors, as most of the men were off to a new gold digging. Well, I summed up. The jury retired. I waited outside a long time, but the jury waited inside a long time too.

"The sheriff could not get in. I did when I had lost patience. Five of them, for conviction, were bailed up by the sixth for the acquittal of his friend. He would not let the five jurors out. He was a desperate chap, and they were mean white dirt. Well, I had to tackle him. When we commenced, he was 'the bully of Little Elk Creek;' when we ended, I was. He volunteered to bring in a verdict of guilty before I let him up, but I lost these two fingers of my left hand by a bowie knife amputation.

"Oh, I was very popular there! My calm, firm administration of the law touched them."

Inns In Hungary.

Wayside inns in Hungary generally rejoice in very quaint titles. This one was called the Dropperin, and had the usual sign outside—viz, a long pole, with a wooden ring and a gigantic wine bottle suspended from it. The system of keeping the scores is primitive, but practical. The regular customers and the innkeeper each have a bit of wood called rovas, with the name of the person written on it, and every liter of wine consumed is marked by each making a notch on his respective bit of wood. When the score is paid off, both the rovas are burned. Consequently you hear the peasants inviting each other to ingyourovasmora, literally, drink on my "knotch stick," which sounds most comical.—H. Ellen Browning in "Wanderings In Hungary."

Unappreciative.

A lady passenger in a Great Western train in England was much disturbed in her attempts at a nap by some one singing in the next compartment, so she asked the guard to interfere. That official did so and got laughed at for his pains, and the singing went on. At the next station the lady sent for the station master and requested him to succeed where the guard had failed. The station master went to the next compartment, and immediately returned to apologize. "I am very sorry, madam," he said, "but I really cannot ask your neighbor to stop singing. She is Mme. Patti."

The pink is considered in the south of France symbolic of pure affection. Peasant girls along the French Riviera wear pinks at their weddings.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies the blood.

THE GENUINE IRISH STEW.

How to Make It Out of Food Sometimes Thrown Away.

We are not apt to regard the Irish peasantry as either thrifty or a pattern in any matters of cookery, yet the canny Scotch are no more severe economists than the Irish of the northern country. The genuine Irish stew is a dish that deserves every praise. It is as great a success in its way as a Scotch broth of mutton, and it is a culinary lesson in the use of what people generally throw away.

To make this dish the peasant secures what scraps of meat and bones he can get for a few cents. The purchase is chiefly bone, and the meat is either beef or mutton, or it may be both.

The bone and meat are separated and the fat is removed. The best way to make the broth is to throw the meat in one kettle and the bones in another and cover them both with cold water.

After the contents of the two kettles have simmered very slowly for an hour salt is added. The cook now gathers any sound vegetable tops—the green tops of celery, the green leaves outside the cabbage, which in less thrifty parts of the land are the perquisite of the pig. These are chopped together and added to the kettle containing the bones and simmered with them for the next hour. For every two quarts of the stew two small onions cut in slices are added. When they have simmered half an hour, six small potatoes, cut in quarters, are put in.

When the potatoes have cooked half an hour, strain the broth off the bones and chopped vegetables, pressing the vegetables hard to extract all the pulp and flavor from them. Thicken the strained broth with a heaping tablespoonful of flour mixed with a large tablespoonful of butter. If mutton is used, the broth must be carefully skimmed before adding the thickening. Let the thickening cook in the strained broth for ten minutes, stirring it carefully; then pour it in the kettle of meat, onions and potatoes. Let the stew simmer a moment or two, stirring it constantly. Taste it to see if it needs more salt, add pepper and serve at once.

It is largely a pot of luck, depending upon the vegetables at hand and the amount of meat it contains, but it is nutritious, even when it is made largely of vegetables, and it is always excellent.—New York Tribune.

An Armenian Bridegroom.

Notwithstanding the Turk, the Armenians still marry, and a writer in Chambers' Journal explains the get up of the groom:

A brawny barber, his arms bare to the elbow, bustles in. His assistant carries a chair, over which is spread a flowered towel. Then enters a procession. The bridegroom, his countenance of ashen pallor (it has been floured for the occasion), totters along supported by sympathizing friends.

After he is shaved by the barber a variety of costly and wonderful garments are put upon him, all of them gifts from his fair Gemira. Fourteen of the bridegroom's brothers, each holding a candle in the right hand, strip him to the skin and then reclothe him—new undergarments, three green silk waistcoats, a blue silk robe, sash, flowered white satin overcoat, two jackets over that, a long loose blue robe and a new fez. The stockings, however, do not fit and the bridegroom grumbles. Then he kisses my hands and sits down beside me on the divan.

"I suppose you're very happy?" I somewhat infelicitously ask, not knowing how to begin.

He smiles as if in pain.

"You love your bride very much?"

"Very much indeed."

"What's her name?"

"Effendi, I forget."

An Unspeakable Sell.

A resident in Vevay, Switzerland, lately died and bequeathed a large property which he was supposed to possess to the "local hospital of the town."

There being two local medical charities—the town hospital and the Hospice de Samaritan—a lawsuit was entered by the former in order to decide its right to the legacy.

After considerable exposure had been incurred the dispute was abruptly brought to a close by the discovery that the deceased had indulged in a most unseasonable jest, and, in fact, did not possess a penny to bequeath.—Pearson's Weekly.

Won't Be Fired.

Mrs. Wearie (who has a French maid)—This is the last time I'll have a servant girl who can't speak English.

Mr. Wearie—Why don't you send her off?

Mrs. Wearie—I've been trying for six weeks, but I can't make her understand what the word "discharge" means. She thinks it means a day off, and when I tell her she is discharged she goes out and has a good time.—Strand Magazine.

MERITED REWARD.

SALES OF LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Unequalled in the History of Medicine. Honesty, Excellence, Faithfulness Fitly Rewarded

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.)

Never in the history of medicine has the demand for one particular remedy for female diseases equalled that attained by *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound, and never in the history of Mrs. Pinkham's wonderful Compound has the demand for it been so great as it is to-day. From Maine to California, from the Gulf to the St. Lawrence, come the glad tidings of woman's suffering relieved by it; and thousands upon thousands of letters are pouring in from grateful women, saying that it WILL and *does* positively cure those painful

Ailments of Women

It will cure the worst forms of female complaints, all ovarian troubles, inflammation and ulceration, falling and displacements of the womb, and consequent spinal weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the change of life.

Every time it will cure Backache.

It has cured more cases of leucorrhœa by removing the cause, than any remedy the world has ever known; it is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills work in unison with the Compound, and are a sure cure for constipation and sick headache. Mrs. Pinkham's Sanative wash is frequently found of great value for local application. Correspondence is freely solicited by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. Lynn, Mass., and the strictest confidence is assured. All druggists sell the Pinkham's remedies. The Vegetable Compound in three forms,—Liquid, Pills, and Lozenges.

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No 31, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday ... 7:00 a m
No. 13, Wells Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday ... 5:30 m

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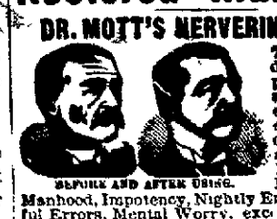
and be sure you get the genuine article, which has a red stripe in the middle of the package.

Restored Manhood.

DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS.



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The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failure of Loss of Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL COMPANY, Cleveland, Ohio.

H F Vortkamp n e cor Main and North streets

LE BRUN'S FOR EITHER SEX. This remedy being injected directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet. Cure guaranteed in 1 to 3 days. Small plain package, by mail, $1.00. Sold only by

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Are Going.

Mayor Baxter, of Delphos, was in the city to-day.

Chas. Russell, of Portland, Ind., was in the city yesterday.

J D Robb, of Holgate, is stopping at the Cambridge House.

Attorney Reeves, of Delphos, was in the city this morning

Mr. and Mrs J. R Redway left this afternoon for Florida.

F. A. Loseman and Selden S. Cooke, of Chillicothe, are in the city

Attorney McKee, of Wapakoneta, was in Lima last evening, on business.

Mrs. J. O Ohler, of west Market street, is the guest of Mrs. M. A. Furney, of Marion, O.

Will McGuire, who was called to Chicago by the death of his brother, returned last evening.

Mrs. F N. Hffoman, of East Market street, left this morning for a visit in Harrison, Ohio.

Miss Haidee Hund, who has been visiting Miss Hattie Sheets, of south Elizabeth street, has returned to her home in Fremont

H Stephenson and John W. Biggins, county officials from Jackson county, are in the city to-day, stopping at the Burnet House.

Mr. and Mrs. H H. Mosier, who have been the guests of D. F. Appleton and family, of south Pine street, returned this morning to their home in Elkhart, Ind.

TOO MUCH CONFIDENCE.

A. Moore & Co, of Delphos, Unable to Make Collections and Assign.

A cognovit suit was filed in the common pleas court this morning, in which the Delphos National Bank is the plaintiff, and A. Moore & Co., of Delphos, the defendants. The suit is brought to get judgment on a note of $2,730, held by the Delphos bank A. Moore & Co. is a firm known as the "Model," and does a dry goods business at Delphos. The company has been unable to endure the hard times brought on by the evils of the single standard, and Wednesday afternoon made an assignment, and yesterday the probate court named B. J. Brotherton as the assignee

Slow collections and dull business are the causes, as stated by the proprietors. They had money due them but it could not be collected. The step was taken by the firm to protect themselves and their creditors. The Delphos *Herald* says.

They were not forced to assignment, but considered it the honorable thing to do under the circumstances Bills were due and the firm was unable to meet them.

An inventory of the stock is being taken by J H. Cowdin, J S. Cowan and Chas. Shenk, appraisers Everyone will hope that the trouble will soon be straightened out and the store resume business.

Bargains in Linens,

Quilts, sheets and pillow cases at Feltz's January sale. 9-3t

TALES OF THE TOWN.

The Chautauquas will meet with Miss Minnie Thoring, next Monday evening.

Mike Sullivan, who has been running a saloon on north Main street, has gone out of business

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Copeland, 228 South Main street, a nine and a half pound baby boy.

Joseph Schwartz is laid up at his home on west McKibben street, suffering from a sprained back.

Supt. C. C. Miller will conduct the Sunday school teachers' meeting at the gymnasium, to-morrow evening at 7:30 o'clock.

The Ladies' Auxiliary to the Order of Railway Conductors and the Order of Railway Conductors will give a dance on Thursday evening, February 18th.

Treasurer Lutz will have his office open to-morrow evening from 7 until 9 o'clock for the purpose of giving an opportunity to people to pay taxes who are unable to get to the office during the day. The office will also be opened on the evenings of the 19th and 20th for the same purpose. The 20th will be the last day for the payment of taxes

All Our $5 00 Auglaize Blankets

Will be sold at $3.98 Other grades in same proportion for cash only

9-3t FELTZ BROS. & CO

Child's Slipper Soles 7c per pair at the Columbia.

Attend the January Sale

Now going on at Feltz's dry goods store 9 3t

Misses' Slipper Soles 8c per pair at the Columbia.

WHO'LL GET IT?

The Paving Men Cannot Answer the Question.

THE PRICES ARE LOW,

And the Matter is Now in the Hands of the Council Meeting of the Street Paving Committee this Afternoon.

The street paving committee of the city council, consisting of Messrs McVey, Hughes, Metheany and Morrison, met at 2.30 this afternoon to inspect the bids made yesterday on the paving of west Spring street They are now in session investigating the merits of the different bids, and from the result of their afternoon's work will make their recommendations to the council.

The people of the city generally, and more particularly the property owners on Spring street, who will have the expense of this improvement to pay, are highly pleased at the low prices made on the work, which is much less per cubic yard than was expected When this improvement was first contemplated it was on a proposition to resurface the street with asphaltum, using the present macadam as a foundation, which it was expected would cost about $2 00 per square yard. The bids made yesterday are for a regularly laid asphaltum pavement placed upon six inches of concrete, and the lowest price bid is $1 74 per square yard.

The Ayers bid is for an inch binder and the Barber, or Trinidad bid No. 1—the lowest—is without the binder.

The difference of cost between the lowest bid of the Barber people on the Trinidad asphalt and that of E. M. Ayers on the Wasatch asphalt is $1,693 23 in favor of the latter firm. This will make a difference of nearly 16 cents per foot front, or of about $8.00 on each lot with 50 feet frontage. The total length of the proposed improvement from Main street to Jameson avenue is one hundred and fourteen feet over a mile, and the total frontage in lineal feet to be assessed for the improvement, measuring both sides of the street, is 10 627 feet. Of the total amount the city pays for the street and alley intersections and 2 per cent of the whole cost The abutting property pays the balance. The city clerk's computation of the aggregates for work and material included in the bids submitted yesterday is as follows:

Gilson Asphalt Co	$61 168 06
Barber Asphalt Co., No. 1	42 426 40
Barber Asphalt Co, No. 2	48 679 03
Trinidad Land Asphalt Co	52 790 28
E. M. Ayers, Wasatch Asphalt	40,734 67

The result of this afternoon's deliberation of the street paving committee is awaited with much interest by the asphalt contractors, as well as by the persons interested in the improvement of the street, for upon their decision and recommendation much weight attaches by the other members of the council.

The Barber people, who control the Trinidad Pitch Lake output, claim that their material is the oldest and best, and point to the amount of it in use as an evidence of its excellence, and charge that other materials are experimental Meanwhile the Ayers people, who are the lowest bidders, deny the statement made by their opponents that their material is an experiment They say they have great quantities of it upon the streets of Chicago, Minneapolis and other places where climatic changes are extreme, and they point with pride to their job done in Marion two years ago.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

NEW SUITS

The Board of Education of Bath township, has entered suit against J. B Townsend to recover $1,349 96 The School Board conveyed an acre and a quarter of land in Bath township, section 8, to J. B. Townsend on the consideration that he would purchase of the Board a like amount in section 20, and place on it certain buildings as provided by contract. The petition claims that Townsend afterwards transferred the property to the Lima Northern railroad and that he failed to fulfill the contract as made with the Board, which made the necessary improvements and changes at a cost of $1,349 96, for which amount the Board asks judgment.

IN PROBATE COURT.

The wills of Mrs. Martha Roberts and of Thomas D Griffiths were probated to-day by Judge Robb.

The divorce case of Drover against Drover is being tried to day before Judge Robb. Both parties are from Delphos, and the husband is the one bringing the suit, and asks for the custody of their small child.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Peter Flyn and Ola Burden.

Just Received

A a new line of blue and white enameled kitchen supplies, such as rinsing pans, tea and coffee pots, water pails, covered buckets, pudding and pie pans, cake pans, tea kettles, stew kettles, soup ladles, rice boilers, etc. We will sell these goods from 20 to 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy them elsewhere. See them in our economy basement.

9 3t FELTZ BROS. & CO.

TWO HAPPY HEARTS

Joined in Wedlock at the Residence of Sheriff Fisher

The Bride Miss Jennie Fisher, and the Groom Mr Cliff Haller—Witnessed by Many Friends

The sheriff's residence on west North street, was the scene last evening of a happy occurrence—the marriage of Miss Jennie Fisher, daughter of the Mr. and Mrs Aaron Fisher, to Cliff Haller, the son of ex Chief of Police Haller.

The sheriff's residence never looked prettier It was brilliantly lighted and profusely decorated with palms, roses and smilax

At 5 o'clock, the appointed hour, Miss Mame Peate began to play Lohengrin's wedding march and the bridal party descended the stairs The bride preceded the party and was attended by Miss Blanche Neff Then came the groom who was attended by Mr. Dolt Fisher, the brother of the bride The bridal party entered the southeast parlor and stationed themselves in the northeast corner of the room There they were met by the Rev J W Holland of the M E church, of Findlay, who, in a very impressive manner, pronounced the vows that made the happy couple man and wife for life The Methodist ceremony was used.

The relatives and guests who were present offered the bride and groom congratulations and hearty wishes for a long life crowned with much success and happiness The guests were then led to the dining parlor, where a sumptous feast was elegantly served During the supper the City band appeared before the residence and serenaded the party.

The bride, who is the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fisher, is a charming lady, and as a bride looked beautiful. She was gowned in navy blue moire velvet silk trimmed in muslin de soie The groom is a young man of exemplary habits and has a host of friends He is an employe in the office of Supt Cory, of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad At a late hour the groom and his bride bade their friends good night and were driven to 613 west Wayne street, where he had previously furnished a home.

The inmates in the county prison were honored by witnessing something which no other prisoners had witnessed while confined in the Allen county jail. The sheriff had opened the heavy doors entering the jail proper and through the iron grating the prisoners were enabled to witness the wedding It was an experience which they all greatly enjoyed.

The bride was the recipient of many valuable and useful presents. Those who were in attendance from out of the city, were Mr. and Mrs C. L Fisher, of Delphos; Mr. Clint Mauk, of Toledo; Misses Myrtle and Nellie Mauk, of Spencerville; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Holland, of Findlay; Miss Mattie Foster and Miss Lena Manship, of Middlepoint; Mrs. M E. Longsworth and daughter Mabel, and Mr. Jesse Ernsberger, of Delphos; Mr. and Mrs. William Guyton, of Lafayette.

IN MOWEN'S COURT

A Jury Finds a Judgment Against J. B. Jackman & Sons

A few days ago Mrs Mary L. Metheany commenced a suit in Justice Mowen's court against J B Jackman & Sons for $103, which she claimed was due for rent of a lot The case was tried before a jury yesterday afternoon, which found judgment for the plaintiff in the sum of $42.

Killing Rabbits and Squirrels.

The Columbus *Press* gives the following. Attorney General Monnett rendered three formal opinions Friday, construing the state fish and game laws in obscure points There is a law on the statute books which provides that rabbits and squirrels may not be killed except the owner or tenant finds that they are destroying property on his premises. Chief State Game Warden Reutinger wanted to know if it was necessary for the owner or tenant to actually find the animals in the act of destroying trees, etc., or not. The attorney general holds that it is not necessary If there is good reason to believe that the animals are destroying property they may be killed It is not necessary to kill the identical animals that do the injury. The attorney also holds that persons seeing the animals destroying property on the premises of another person may destroy them That is, that the privilege to destroy the animals, when seen destroying property, is not confined to the owner or tenant of the premises of which they are found.

The third point on which official opinion is given is as to the disposition of the fines collected on guilty pleas. The law provides that fines collected in prosecutions under the fish and game laws shall go into the fish and game fund of the county in which the prosecution is made. The attorney general holds that it must be placed in that fund just the same when there is no formal prosecution

Lost.

Pair ladies' gold glasses Please return to Miss Willower, at Treat's store. 1t

Catarrh is a constitutional disease and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies the blood.

A MISSING VEST

Gets a Barber Into Trouble in Justice Mowen's Court.

Harry Burnett, a barber, was arrested and taken before Justice Mowen this morning upon a charge of having stolen a vest from the Union Clothing store

Several weeks ago Burnett went to the Union store and looked at some clothing He didn't purchase any, but after he had left, a vest, valued at $3, was missed, and he was suspected To day he again visited the Union, and one of the clerks noticed that he wore the missing vest, and the discovery led to his arrest.

Burnett pleaded guilty to the charge, yet claims that the vest was given him by a man named Smith He was fined $10 and costs, which he secured

IN ATMUR'S COURT

Allen Potts Commences a Suit Against the County Commissioners

This morning in Justice Atmur's court the hearing in a suit against the Allen county commissioners was commenced The plaintiff in the case is Allen Potts, who sues for $55, which he claims is due him from the county for labor performed during September and October last, on the Weirs ditch, in Amanda township.

STREET TALK

The time is approaching when the "hired man" on the farm will be succeeded by the machinist. On one German farm an assistant looks after the dynamo which lights the barns, yards and dwellings, and furnishes a current of low tension to work pumps, run straw-cutter, lathe, grindstone, saws and thresher Should the agriculturist desire to go into some light form of manufacture he has the power at hand If the tillers of the soil are soon to be rural electricians and skilled mechanics there will be little difficulty in keeping the boys on the farm —*St Louis Globe-Democrat.*

Attorney Genneral Monnett, in response to numerous inquiries from school boards over the state, states that boys over the age of fourteen and under that of sixteen years, must go to school unless they are regularly employed. It does not matter whether they are able to read and write the English language or not. If parents of such children do not see that this rule is observed they are liable to the statutory penalty.

Although few people think of Ohio as a tobacco-growing district, it has 50,000 acres under cultivation and produces annually 3 000,000 pounds, or one-tenth of the entire crop of the country. It is grown more or less in 53 of the 88 counties, and the tobacco farms of Wayne and Medina counties are especially profitable The best Ohio tobacco is grown in the sandy, loam soil and the Spanish seed leaf does especially well. Frequently from ten months to a year elapse before the product is ready for disposal Good Ohio tobacco land is worth from $95 to $100 per acre a year, and at this price the growers make money and are content and prosperous.

For news read the TIMES-DEMOCRAT, which publishes all the news while it is fresh. The only real newspaper in Lima. Compare it with any other local paper published in Ohio and the verdict will be "The TIMES-DEMOCRAT leads them all." Everybody takes it. Ten cents a week delivered at your supper table six nights a week

MRS. BICE DEAD

Wife of the Shoemaker Dies From Pneumonia—Remains to be Taken East.

Mrs. Effie, wife of shoemaker John Bice, died at her home in the extreme western part of the city at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, her death resulting from pneumonia, after nearly three weeks illness.

Mrs Bice Was taken ill while attending her husband's recent trial in common pleas court, and continually grew worse until death relieved her sufferings She was aged 25 years and 6 months, and leaves her husband and one child.

The remains will be taken over the C. & E, leaving here to night, to her former home at Andover, N Y, where the funeral services and interment will occur.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

CHANGES IN THE C, H. & D.

In transferring Mr. J. C. Winans, district passenger agent of the C., H & D., from Piqua to Toledo, in charge of the territory from Toledo to Dayton, but not including Dayton, has necessitated some new appointments Mr D A Garwood, who has been connected with the C., H. & D for some time, has been made city passenger agent. Mr. John R. McCord, who has been connected with the C., H & D. for a number of years, is traveling passenger agent Mr. B F. Masson, who for a number of years was connected with the Grand Trunk railway, but more recently with the D & C line of steamers, has been appointed traveling passenger agent. These three appointments will report direct to Mr. Winans.—*Toledo Bee.*

ENGINEER QUAYLE DEAD.

Engineer Jack Quayle, formerly of the C. & E, died at his home in Galion a few days ago, from consumption, after a long illness The remains were interred at Galion yesterday Mr Quayle was well known in this city, he having run an engine on the Marion local on the C. & E. for about a year, during which time he made his home here He became ill about two years ago and was never able to again resume his duties as an engineer.

NOTES.

C N Haskill, of New York City, is in the city.

Frank Graves, of the Clover Leaf, at Toledo, is in the city.

C. N Haskell, of the Lima Northern, is in the city to-day

The Pennsylvania pay-car passed through Lima this morning and distributed considerable money.

A. V. Watts, the referee in the Ohio Southern suits, was in the city to-day on business relative to the road

The Lima Northern pay car started over the road this morning in charge of auditor and paymaster E B Hathaway.

Will Fields, of the C. & E freight house, is at Caledonia, O, being called there by the dangerous illness of his mother.

Conductor Hunter, of the Ohio Southern, has been promoted to the passenger service and has succeeded Conductor M H Leach, who recently left the service of that road

Our town authorities are taking aggressive means to remove the frightful freight house belonging to the C, H. & D. Ry Co. here, and improve Railroad avenue between Main Cross and Third streets Last Monday evening the council decided to give the company thirty days in which to better matters to a satisfactory degree, failing in which they would be brought condemnation proceedings. This is right, and we hope to see a marked change by next summer —*Ottawa Gazette.*

Engineer A D. James, of the C E., who was injured a few weeks ago by the accidental discharge of a shotgun while out hunting, is able to be about again and will be shaking hands with his friends on the street in a few days.

The C, H & D passenger coach No. 2 has just been received from the Lima shops, thoroughly overhauled and repainted, also engine No 10 has just been received from the shops thoroughly overhauled. This equipment will be placed on the Cincinnati, Toledo and Detroit run at once —*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Conductor George Blackburn, the P., Ft W. & C R R, was discharged yesterday for carrying a couple of railroad men about two weeks ago from Crestline to Lima The report was sent in by one of the thirty-five detectives who are employed by the company to operate between Fort Wayne and Crestline

Half a Cent

for a baby! The cost of the few drops of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral that will cure croup, whooping cough and any other cough, if administered in time is perhaps half a cent. It may prolong baby's life,

Half a Century

Y M. C A. Basket Ball Items of Interest.

At a meeting of the local gym committee, it was favorably decided that a basket ball representative team was to be chosen from the entire active gym membership The object is to satisfy challenges that have been received from several places in the state

The scheme is to appoint ten men to be divided into two teams, which are to be called the representative teams to practice at a scheduled time, when the required practice would be had. The following are the honored men First team—Capt Morris, H Graham, P Hughes, S M. Churchill, Coss, K Hughes. Second team Capt Faurot, W McLaughlin, Ashton C Kelly, T. E. Thompson F Thomas

The respective class team captains are as follows.

Afternoon Business Men's—Geo Mehaffey, F. Thomas and P Hughes

Evening Business Men's—Harry Allen, L O Churchill and C. Coss.

Seniors—C Kelly, W. McLaughlin P Ashton and H. Graham

Juniors—V Holmes. G. Beeme H Francis, J. Hallihan.

Ladies—Misses G. Bates, Louie Davis, Belle Harrington and Stout

Business men are requested to consider this matter of vital importance Don't you know you can begin at a time and promise just what is needed to make life worth living? Remember that health is your first weal

Ladies' Slipper Soles 9c per pair at the Columbia.

The Bimetallic League.

A meeting of the Bimetallic League will be held next Monday evening in the court house Business of importance will be brought before the club

1-2 OFF! THE UNION. 1-2 OFF!

Selling Out to Quit Business.

Never has there been such a noticeable reaction in so short a time, as that created by the announcement of our closing out to quit business. It goes to show that people will still buy winter Clothing if they can buy it right; while others with a little money to spare are taking advantage of this sale to lay in a supply of spring and summer Clothing.

Examine our offer: ½ off on everything in the Store. It is just as advertised, and we will gladly sell the goods at a loss in order to sell them quickly.

THE UNION,

N. E. CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE.

Please come in the morning, as we have more than enough to do in the afternoons and evenings. Better attention assured in the morning, though we shall try to take care of you at any time

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